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T. B. C.: CS - 11/04

**Test Booklet Series** 

Serial No.

213468

### TEST BOOKLET

O. C. S. Preliminary Examination (ANTHROPOLOGY)

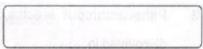


Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 300

#### : INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- IMMEDIATELYAFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT
  THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS
  ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF SAME SERIES ISSUED TO
  YOU.
- ENCODE YOUR OPTIONAL SUBJECT CODE AS MENTIONED ON THE BODY OF YOUR ADMISSION CERTIFICATE AND ADVERTISEMENT AT APPROPRIATE PLACES ON THE ANSWER SHEET.
- ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES A, B, C OR D, AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET USING BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK).
- You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.



- 5. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You will select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided, by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
- 7. All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in the Answer Sheet. There will be negative markings for wrong answers. 25 percent of marks allotted to a particular item (question) will be deducted as negative marking for every wrong response (answer).
- Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your Admission Certificate.
- After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion
  of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet and the Test Booklet
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  Sheet, after completion of the examination, for your reference.

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SEAL

1.	Wh	nich one of the following processes	5.		stralopithecus fossil was originally
	was emphasized by Lamarck in his			dis	scovered in :
	the	ory of evolution?		(a)	Australia
	(a)	Selection		(b)	Africa
	(b)	Mutation		(c)	France
	(c)	Adaptation		(d)	United Kingdom
	(d)	Migration	6.		nich of the following is not a correct atch?
2.	Wh	ich one of the following fossil		(a)	Mesozoic era – Age of mammals
	prin	nates was most primitive?		(b)	Origin of species - Charles
	(a)	Neanderthal man			Darwin
	(b)	Heidelberg man		(c)	Study of fossils - Palaeontology
	(c)	Java man		(d)	Mutation - Hugo-de-Vries
	(d)	Cro-Magnon man	7.	Stu	dy of behaviour of animal is called:
				(a)	Ethnology
3.		necanthropus erectus was first		(b)	Ethology
	disc	covered in :		(c)	Phonology
	(a)	South Africa		(d)	None of these
	(b)	Java	8.	Hov	w many bones are there in human
	(c)	Philippines			ly in total ?
	(d)	China		(a)	200
1	Brac	chiation is a :		(b)	206
4.				(c)	306
	(a)	Type of classification		(d)	210
	(b)	Diversification of species during	9.	Tool	thless animals are called:
		evolution		(a)	Primates
	(c)	Genetic diversity between	ST TURY	(b)	Edentates
		populations of species		(c)	Carnivores
	(d)	A type of locomotion		(d)	Sirenia
KR -	4D/1	OT GENERA SHA WOY STATE	2)		Contd.

10.	Mars	supium refers to :		(b)	Central Europe
	(a)	A vestigial organ		(c)	South Africa
	(b)	A pouch under the belly		(d)	Australia
	(c)	A ridge like structure found back of the femur bone	15.	Who	o is the author of "Origin of Species"?
	(d)	An extra organ		(a)	J. M. Tanner
11.	Heterodont means having different kinds of:			(b)	A. E. Hooton
				(c)	A. L. Kroeber
	(a)	Organ		(d)	Charles Darwin
	(b)	Tooth	16.	Evo	olution is essentially an example of:
	(c)	Chromosome	2 11	(a)	Exogenous changes
		Cell		(b)	Endogenous changes
	* *	(0) (1)		(c)	Developmental changes
12.	Homologous organs means:			(d)	Retrogressive changes
	(a)	Structures are basically similar but		17/67	
		function differently	17.		e system of scientific names was
	(b)	Structures are basically different		intro	oduced by:
	1817	but function similarly		(a)	Carlous Linnaeus
	(c) Rudime	Rudimentary organ		(b)	Robert Hook
		(January)		(c)	Aristotle
	(d)	None of these		(d)	Galileo
13.		uvai George, a fossil site is located	18.	The	word Phylogeny relates to:
	in:	East Africa		(a)	Abnormal gene
	(a)	Central Europe		(b)	Phylum Ph
	(b)	Courth Africa		(c)	A systematic marriage
	(c)	South Africa		(d)	Evolution
	(d)	North America	19.	Ple	istocene is a :
14.	Neanderthal fossil remains have been		10.		Famous mountain
	four	nd in:		(a)	
	(a)	South Asia		(b)	Prehistoric period
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Famous book Who used the term "Chopper and Prehistoric animal Chopping tools" for identification? (a) Movius Jr Ape can be distinguished from monkey as it lacks: (b) Warren De Terra and Paterson (a) Claps Hair Bordes (b) Cheek pouches (C) Who propounded the Palaeolithic (d) Tail succession? Artefact is: (a) G. de Mortillet (1881) Anything which results from man's Piette (1887) interaction with the environment Lee (1965) (b) Any waste material produced in Smith (1913) stone tool fabrication Aurignacian Tradition belongs to: Shaping special cores (a) Upper Palaeolithic Tools with a high flake angle and Middle Palaeolithic a general absence of secondary retouching on them Lower Palaeolithic Mesolithic (d) Scalene and Isoscelles characteristics are part of: Austrian culture belongs to which type? Triangles Mesolithic Lunates Neolithic (b) (c) Retouched blades Lower Palaeolithic (C) (d) Cleaver Upper Palaeolithic Any blade broken in a triangular manner 28. The fluting technique was used for and then retouched along one or both making which tool? the sloping borders is called: Chopper (a) Point Trapezes Blade (b) Lunates Hand axe

(d)

(4)

Cleaver

Contd.

Blade

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- 29. The chopping of parts from the parent stone material is known as:
  - (a) Cutting
  - (b) Flaking
  - (c) Piercing
  - (d) Blunting
- 30. Ordovician period belongs to which Era?
  - (a) Palaeozonic
  - (b) Mesozoic
  - (c) Cenozoic
  - (d) Pre-Cambrian
- 31. The terms 'practical anthropology' and 'action anthropology' were proposed respectively by :
  - (a) John van Willigen and A. L. Kroeber
  - (b) Bronislaw Malinowski and Sol Tax
  - (c) Ward Goodenough and Robert Redfield
  - (d) D. N. Majumdar and D. K. Sen
- 32. Which of the following statements is correct?
  - (a) Caste is a universal institution
  - (b) Class is defined in ascriptive terms
  - (c) Weber gave the concept of the 'ruling class'
  - (d) Social inequality is found in all societies

- 33. Rites that perform the function of expressing community solidarity in the face of crises (such as the death of one of its members) are known as:
  - (a) Ceremonial
  - (b) Piacular
  - (c) Commemorative
  - (d) Ritual
- 34. In his study of mythology, who offered an analysis of the story of Asdiwal?
  - (a) Bronislaw Malinowski
  - (b) Claude Levi-Strauss
  - (c) Sigmund Freud
  - (d) E. R. Leach
- 35. Mechanical solidarity refers to a solidarity:
  - (a) Of machines
  - (b) Found in modern society
  - (c) Emerging out of the likeness of parts
  - (d) Emerging out of the differentiation of institutions
- 36. Of the following concepts, which one of them was coined by Cora DuBois?
  - (a) Modal Personality
  - (b) Basic Personality
  - (c) National Character Studies
  - (d) Psychological Anthropology

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(Turn over)

- 37. Name the descent group which traces its ancestry to a common apical ancestor (male or female) but does not know the precise links to that ancestor:
  - (a) Lineage
  - (b) Moiety
  - (c) Phratry
  - (d) Clan
- 38. Who considered the family to be the 'reproductive nucleus' of the domestic group?
  - (a) A. R. Radcliffe-Brown
  - (b) Mayer Fortes
  - (c) Claude Levi-Strauss
  - (d) G. P. Murdock
- 39. Marriage of male ego with his MBD (Mother's Brother's Daughter) is known as:
  - (a) Matrilateral cross-cousin
  - (b) Matrilateral parallel-cousin marriage
  - (c) Bilateral cross-cousin marriage
  - (d) Bilateral parallel-cousin marriage
- 40. Which one of the following books has been authored by Louis Dumont?
  - (a) Caste in Modern India and Other Essays

- (b) Homo Hierarchicus
- (c) The Idea of India
- (d) Encounter and Experience,
  Personal Accounts of
  Fieldwork
- 41. Band organization is typical of:
  - (a) Horticultural societies
  - (b) Pastoral societies
  - (c) Hunting and food gathering societies
  - (d) Shifting cultivators
- 42. Of the following concepts, which one is associated with the name of Charles S. Cooley?
  - (a) Organismic model
  - (b) Age-grade system
  - (c) Primary group
  - (d) Role distance
- 43. If witchcraft is a psychic act, innate and involuntary, sorcery is:
  - (a) Also acquainted by birth
  - (b) The name of totemic cult
  - (c) Learnt and practiced
  - (d) A game that children play
- 44. Owen Lynch in his book, The Politics of Untouchability, describes the case of a caste that in pre-independent India

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Contd.

claimed the status of the warrior caste and invented myths to prove that at one time they were warriors before their position depressed into lower rungs. Which one of the following concepts will you use to analyze this situation?

- (a) Reference group
- (b) Associational group
- (c) Chance group
- (d) Vertical group
- 45. Animism is defined as a belief :
  - (a) In the existence of soul
  - (b) In the reality of objects
  - (c) In the existence life after death
  - (d) In the morality of human beings
- 46. Which one of the following statements best describes the meaning of the term acculturation?
  - (a) It is a process of the transmission of culture from one generation to the next
  - (b) It is a process of consciously improving upon one's culture
  - (c) It is a process where two cultures come in first-hand, direct contact
  - (d) It is a process of celebrating the festivals and observing the customs that mark a culture

- 47. In her book, Patterns of Culture, Ruth Benedict distinguished between:
  - (a) Culture core and periphery
  - (b) Social morphology and social physiology
  - (c) Appolonian and Dionysian patterns
  - (d) Etics and emics
- 48. Who is the author of Coming of Age in Samoa?
  - (a) Abram Kardiner
  - (b) Ralph Linton
  - (c) A. F. C. Wallace
  - (d) Margaret Mead
- 49. The idea of large complexes of traits which had lost their former geographical unity and were now dispersed throughout the world was conveyed by using the concept of:
  - (a) Culture circles
  - (b) Culture traits
  - (c) Culture configurations
  - (d) Culture types
- 50. 'Culture is the man made part of environment.' Whose definition is this?
  - (a) A. Goldenweiser
  - (b) M. J. Herskovits
  - (c) R. F. Stevenson
  - (d) C. E. Swanson

(Turn over)

- 51. Catarrhines is the other term physical anthropologists use for :
  - (a) Higher apes
  - (b) New world monkeys
  - (c) Tarsiers and lemurs
  - (d) Old world monkeys
- 52. In which of the following ages did an economy based on farming and a technology that included polished stone tools, pottery and weaving emerge?
  - (a) Bronze age
  - (b) Neolithic age
  - (c) Iron age
  - (d) Upper palaeolithic age
- 53. Who is generally regarded as the 'Father' of medical anthropology?
  - (a) Arthur Klienman
  - (b) Erving Goffman
  - (c) Erwin Ackerknecht
  - (d) W. H. R. Rivers
- 54. Which one of the following sets of concepts characterizes economic anthropology?
  - (a) Formalist and substantivist approaches
  - (b) Gemeinschaft and gesellschaft
  - (c) Mechanical and organic solidarity
  - (d) Goal-oriented and value-oriented actions

- 55. The Zhoukoudian caves are well known in palaeoanthropology for the discovery of:
  - (a) Choppers and chopping tools
  - (b) Splintered and charred animal bones
  - (c) Hand axes and flake tools
  - (d) Oval huts
- 56. Which of the following is a 'pathological concept' ?
  - (a) Sickness
  - (b) Discomfort
  - (c) Illness
  - (d) Disease
- 57. Ethnoscience is the other term used for:
  - (a) Cognitive anthropology
  - (b) Visual anthropology
  - (c) Molecular anthropology
  - (d) Palaeoanthropology
- 58. Ethology is the scientific study of:
  - (a) Cultures
  - (b) Artifacts
  - (c) People
  - (d) Animal behaviour
- 59. Identify the name of the scientist who applied biological anthropological and epidemiological methods to the study of a progressive neuro-muscular disease called Kuru:
  - (a) Thomas Hyland Eriksen

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Contd.

- (b) Carleton Gajdusek
  (c) Curt Stern
  (d) Charles Waddington
- 60. The branch of anthropology that describes the variation of hundreds of features, from blood protein composition to the width of span, and the history and nature of biological change among humans and primates is known as:
  - (a) Social and cultural anthropology
  - (b) Linguistic anthropology
  - (c) Physical anthropology
  - (d) Prehistoric archaeology
- 61. Which one of the following is a classical evolutionist?
  - (a) A. L. Krober
  - (b) Franz Boas
  - (c) L. H. Morgan
  - (d) J. Steward
- 62. Who said, social anthropology is 'historiography'?
  - (a) Radcliffe-Brown
  - (b) Malinowski
  - (c) Gluckman
  - (d) Evans-Pritchard
- 63. Who is the founder of the School, 'Historical Particularism'?
  - (a) S. F. Nadel

- (b) Paul Bohannan
- (c) R. H. Lowie
- (d) Franz Boas
- 64. When did the 'humanistic tradition' develop in Europe?
  - (a) 19<sup>th</sup> Century
  - (b) 18th Century
  - (c) 15th Century
  - (d) 20th Century
- 65. Who considered social anthropology as a 'natural scientific discipline'?
  - (a) Sir James Frazer
  - (b) Radcliffe-Brown
  - (c) C. G. Seligman
  - (d) Ruth Benedict
- 66. Who among the following theorists followed 'natural historical' method?
  - (a) Structuralists
  - (b) Structuro-Functionalists
  - (c) Evolutionists
  - (d) Neo-Structuralists
- 67. The concept of 'culture circle' was used by which group of diffusionists?
  - (a) British
  - (b) American
  - (c) Austro-German
  - (d) Scandinavian

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(Turn over)

73. Who said, "Structure cannot be reduced 68. In which of the following theories to the ensemble of social relationships"? the terms 'Integrative imperatives' are used? Marcel Mauss Neo-evolutionism (a) Max Gluckman (b) Structuralism Radcliffe-Brown (c) Post-structuralism Levi-Strauss (d) Functionalism Who said, "Social Anthropology is Comparative Sociology"? Historical method is: Evans-Pritchard Synchronic (a) Mayer Fortes Diachronic (b) (b) Radcliffe-Brown (C) Achronic (c) (d) Lucy Mair None of these Who denied the value of speculative Who of the following followed deductive reconstruction of history? approach? (a) Evolutionists Robert Manners Neo-evolutionists Robert Redfield Diffusionists (c) Marvin Harris Structural-functionalists atanon (d) Levi-Strauss 76. Who is the author of the book 71. Who is the propounder of the theory of Argonauts of the Western Pacific? 'negation of negations'? Marcel Mauss (a) Hoebel Ralph Linton (b) Hegel Margaret Mead (C) Marx Bronislaw Malinowski None of them The 'humanistic conception' of man is: Who is the propounder of the 'energy basis of evolution'? 'Man is the creator and transformer of his culture (a) Elliot Smith 'Man is a divine creation' (b) (b) Leslie White 'Man is nature made' (C) P. J. Perry

(d) E. R. Leach

'Man is sui generis'

Nomothetic science deals with which The native's approach (b) one of the following? (c) The empirical approach (a) Individual descriptions The micro approach (b) Natural and universal law The terms 'emic' and 'etic' were coined 83. Numbers and numismatics by: Metaphysical phenomena Fred Eggan (a) Who thought of 'culture history' as a natural science? (b) Harold Conklin Franz Boas Kenneth Pike Ruth Benedict None of them Evans-Pritchard Hologeistic comparison means: (d) E. B. Tylor (a) Culture Area comparison Who followed organismic approach in (b) Global comparison the study of society? Regional comparison Claude Levi-Strauss Complete Universe comparison Edmund Leach In illustrative comparison the units of (c) Mayer Fortes study are: (d) Radcliffe-Brown (a) Whole cultures (b) Only institutions Cultural relativism means: Traits, complexes and institutions Culture has universal characteristic Communities features Holistic approach, by nature is: 86. Some cultures are superior to Dissociative others Eliminative Every culture is functional in its own Associative (c) context Diversionary Some cultures are better than others Who is the author of the book Unity in Diversity? Emic approach in anthropology means: B. S. Cohn (a) The ethnographer's approach N. K. Bose KR-4D/19 (11)(Turn over)

92. Polynesians race are mixed people of: D. N. Majumdar (c) Negroid and Caucasoid (d) Philip Mason Mongoloid and Caucasoid (b) Sanskritization relates to: Mongoloid and Negroid (c) Mobility towards achieving secular None of them (d) status Mobility towards achieving Leptorrhine type of nose observed in: 93. economic status (a) Australians Mobility towards achieving higher (C) Whites of Europe (b) ritual status Mongoloid (c) Mobility towards achieving (d) None of them (d) political status Rh blood type discovered by: 94. Vertical mobility takes place at which of Landsteiner and Levine the following level? Sanger and Race (b) Sub-caste level (a) Landsteiner and Weiner Caste level (c) (b) Dungern and Hirsfield Caste category level (d) (c) (d) Varna level Classification of Races of mankind on 95. the basis of Gene frequency method by: Who is the author of the book Social Change in Modern India? Fisher (a) G. S. Ghurey (b) Lahovary Iravati Karve Sanger (c) Andre Beittle Boyd (d) M. N. Srinivas Melanoderm or Black skinned people First scientific racial classification are the fittest example of : attempted by: Mongoloids (a) Guha (a) Europeans (b) Riseley (b) Hottentots (c) Giuffrid-Ruggiri

(c)

(d)

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Hutton

(12)

Negroes

Contd.

97. Dr. Sarkar's racial classification is 102. Which of the following parts of the cell

	bas	ed on:			is ca	alled as Material basis of life?	
	(a)	Nasal index			(a)	Protoplasm	
	(b)	Blood groups			(b)	Cytoplasm	
	(c)	Cephalic index			(c)	Nucleus	
	(d)	Facial index			(d)	Mitochondria	
98.	Δαε	ene is made up of :		103.	The	diameter of the human egg is:	
50.	(a)	RNA			(a)	1/2 mm	
					(b)	1/6 mm	
	(p)	DNA Maria Salabasa Isa			(c)	1/7 mm	
	(c)	Either DNA or RNA	(41)		(d)	1/20 mm	
1	(d)	Amino acids		104.	Whi	ch of the following chromosome is	
99.	The gene suppressed by epistatic gene		ic gene		referred to as genetically inert?		
1	is ca	alled as:			(a)	x-chromosome	
	(a)	Pleotropic gene	194 Ca	3.45	(b)	y-chromosome	
	(b)	Penetrance gene		- 10	(c)	Autosome	
	(c)	Recessive gene			(d)	All of these	
	(d)	Hypostatic gene		105.	Hae	mophilia is linked to :	
100.	First	scientific studies in Genetic	s were		(a)	Sex linked recessive genes	
	carr	ied out by :	so arr		(b)	Sex linked dominant genes	
	(a)	Bateson			(c)	Sex influenced genes A BY	
	(b)	John Goss			(d)	Autosomal recessive genes	
	(c)	Joseph Kolrauter		106.	Cris	s-cross inheritance is :	
	(d)	Gregor John Mendel			(a)	Transmission of genes from father	
101.	Prot	onlasm is a				to grandsons through his daughter	
	(a)	Hyaline substance			(b)	Transmission of genes from father	
	(b)	Mixer of water and DNA				to sons	
+	(c)	Solid substance			(c)	Transmission of genes from father	
					(4)	to daughters	
	(d)	None of these			(d)	None of these	
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107. Chemical composition of chromosomes	(c) 62 see see see see see see
are:	(d) 63
(a) DNA and proteins	112. How many SC communities inhabit
(b) DNA and lipids	Odisha?
(c) DNA and carbohydrates	(a) 90 reson platford (a)
(d) Protein and lipids	(b) 91
108. A nucleosome is made up of:	(c) 92 - 10 4 15 5 15 5 15 5 15 5 15 5 15 5 15 5
(a) DNA	(d) 93
(b) Histones	113. Tribal societies are characteristically:
(c) Histones wrapped over by	(a) Communistic
Octameric core of nucleic acid	(b) Capitalistic
(d) DNA wrapped over Octameric	(c) Egalitarian
core of histones	(d) Hierarchical
109. The role of chromosome in heridity was	114. Caste societies, by nature are :
suggested by:	(a) Homogeneous
(a) Mendel and Morgan	(b) Isomorphous
(b) Bateson and Punnet	(c) Heterogeneous
(c) Morgan and Bridges	(d) Homologous
(d) Sutton and Boveri	and this function
110. A complete set of chromosomes and	115. Caste is:
nuclear genes carried by an individual	(a) Endogarilous
is called:	(b) Exogamous
(a) Genome	(c) Polygamous
(b) Gene amplification	(d) Monogamous
(c) Genetic code (d) Gene	116. Clans in tribal societies follow:
and and another	(a) Endogamous principle
111. How many ST communities inhabit	(b) Exogamous principle
Odisha?	(c) Bigamous principle
(a) 65	(d) Polygamous principle
(b) 60	2.11
KR - 4D/19	(14) Conta.

- 117. Which Article of the Consitution guarantees promotion of educational and economic interests of weaker sections, in particular of SCs and STs?
  - (a) 42
  - (b) 46
  - (c) 320
  - (d) 352
- 118. Tribal religion is:
  - (a) Hinduism
  - (b) Animism
  - (c) Atheism
  - (d) Proto-Hinduism

- 119. TSP approach was implemented in the:
  - (a) 1st Five Year Plan Period
  - (b) 3<sup>rd</sup> Five Year Plan Period
  - (c) 5th Five Year Plan Period
  - (d) 7th Five Year Plan Period
- 120. How many PTGs are there in Odisha?
  - (a) 11
  - (b) 12
  - (c) 13
  - (d) 17

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

KR-4B/19 (750) (16)

Anthropology