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COMBINED COMPETITIVE (PRELIMINARY) EXAMINATION, 2012

Serial No.

LAW Code No. 12



Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C OR D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE RESPONSE SHEET.
- You have to enter your Roll Number on this
 Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.
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- 4. This Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises *four* responses (answers). You will select *one* response which you want to mark on the Response Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- 5. In case you find any discrepancy in this test booklet in any question(s) or the Responses, a written representation explaining the details of such alleged discrepancy, be submitted within three days, indicating the Question No(s) and the Test Booklet Series, in which the discrepancy is alleged. Representation not received within time shall not be entertained at all.
- 6. You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Response Sheet provided. *See directions in the Response Sheet*.
- 7. All items carry equal marks. Attempt ALL items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Response Sheet.
- 8. Before you proceed to mark in the Response Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Response Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admit Card and Instructions.
- 9. While writing Centre, Subject and Roll No. on the top of the Response Sheet in appropriate boxes use "ONLY BALL POINT PEN".
- 10. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Response Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Response Sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.

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ROUGH WORK

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	(C)	Article 39 (c)	(D)	Article 39 (e)			
	(A)	Article 39 (b)	(B)	Article 39 (d)			
	of Ir	ndia under :					
9.	'Equ	'Equal pay for equal work for both men and women' is being provided in the Constitution					
	(C)	Article 134	(D)	Article 136			
	(A)	Article 132	(B)	Article 133			
8.	The	Supreme Court of India, in its discr	etion,	grant the special leave to appeal under:			
	(C)	Multinational Corporation	(D)	Public Sector Unit			
	` /	Prime Minister	(B)	King of England			
7.		o is regarded as 'Corporation Sole'?	•				
	(C)	Actual participation	(D)	Abetment			
	(A)	Common intention	(B)	Common object			
6.		endra Kumar Ghosh V Emperor is a	leadin	ig case on:			
	(C)	Omission	(D)	S.121 of IPC			
	` ′	Actus reus	(B)	Mens rea			
5.		oins and Procter is a leading case on					
	(D)	A legal right is similar to natural ri	gnt				
		A legal right is enforceable	- 1-4				
	(B)		tate				
	(A) A legal right is an interest correlated with duties						
4.		tify the wrong statement:					
	, ,		(D)	Common law			
	` /	Civil law Hindu law	(B)	Roman law Common law			
3.		doctrine of judicial precedent is an	•				
2	` '						
		Usagery law	` /	Usage law			
2.		based as custom is known as: Customary law	(B)	Custom law			
2	Lavv	hasad as ayatam is Imayım as .					
	` /	Expository school	(D)	Modern legal school			
		Natural school	(B)	Imperative school			
1.	Ana	lytical school of law is also know	n as	:			

10.	Fede	eral Constitution of India works on th	ie prii	nciple of :
	(A)	Decentralization of power		
	(B)	Concentration of power		
	(C)	Consolidation of power		
	(D)	Division of powers between centre	and s	tates
11.	The	power of Judicial Review is derived	from	which Article of Constitution of India?
	(A)	Article 12	(B)	Article 13
	(C)	Article 19	(D)	Article 20
12.	The	case of Surjeet Singh Thind V Kanw	aljit I	Kaur relates to which of the following?
	(A)	Harassment of women at workplace	;	
	(B)	Medical examination of women to p	orove	virginity
	(C)	Dowry death		
	(D)	Prospective over ruling		
13.		ch Article of the Constitution of India	•	rides for the President's Rule in the event of ?
	(A)	Article 356	(B)	Article 352
	(C)	Article 360	(D)	Article 368
14.	A pr	revious judgement cited by the court	to dec	cide on a similar set of facts is known as:
	(A)	Obiter dicta	(B)	Judicial dicta
	(C)	Precedent	(D)	Judicial opinion
15.	Whi	ch among the following has ceased to	o be a	Fundamental Right ?
	(A)	Right to equality		
	(B)	Right to freedom of speech		
	(C)	Right to property		
	(D)	Right to profess own religion		
16.	Whi	ch one of the following is an exampl	e of i	nchoate crime ?
	(A)	public nuisance	(B)	murder
	(C)	riot	(D)	criminal attempt

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17.	What is the name of the writ used for producing body of a person is the court?						
	(A)	Mandamus	(B)	Quo-warranto			
	(C)	Habeas corpus	(D)	Certiorari			
18.	Law	of contract deals with:					
	(A)	Law of ownership and transfer					
	(B)	Marriage and Divorce					
	(C)	Enforcement of obligations arisin	g from	agreements and promises			
	(D)	Propriety of actions					
19.	Tort	means:					
	(A)	Breach of contract	(B)	Breach of trust			
	(C)	Civil wrong	(D)	Criminal wrong			
20.		ch of the following organs of the U United Nations?	nited N	ations considers and approves the budget of			
	(A)	Security Council	(B)	General Assembly			
	(C)	Economic and Social Council	(D)	Trusteeship Council			
21.		er which Article of the constitution reme Court of India?	on of In	dia President is empowered to consult the			
	(A)	Article 143	(B)	Article 61 (1) and 361 (1)			
	(C)	Article 112	(D)	Article 55			
22.		risprudence is the science of the ement?	first p	principles of Civil Law." Who gave this			
	(A)	Ulpian	(B)	Salmond			
	(C)	Prof. Gray	(D)	Holland			
23.	"Eve	ery law should be tested on the prin	nciple o	f utility." Who gave this statement?			
	(A)	Kelsen	(B)	Roscoe Pound			
	(C)	Bentham	(D)	Salmond			
24.	Whi	ch of the following is not an essen	tial attri	ibute of a custom?			
	(A)	Antiquity	(B)	Continuity			
	(C)	Reasonability	(D)	Deliberation			
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25.	. Which of the following is not a theory of corporate personality?					
	(A)	Interest Theory	(B)	Concession Theory		
	(C)	Realist Theory	(D)	Fiction Theory		
26.	Whi List		menti	ons the Union List, State List and Concurrent		
	(A)	Article 241	(B)	Article 242		
	(C)	Article 244	(D)	Article 246		
27.	The	Governor of a state in India can be re	emov	ed by :		
	(A)	Impeachment by State Legislature	(B)	Impeachment by Parliament		
	(C)	President of India	(D)	Supreme Court of India		
28.	Nun	nber of Fundamental rights available	in Co	onstitution of India is :		
	(A)	Five	(B)	Six		
	(C)	Seven	(D)	Nine		
29.	In aı	n action for the tort of negligence, pla	aintiff	does not have to prove:		
	(A)	General defences	(B)	Breach of duty owed to someone		
	(C)	Breach of duty owed to plaintiff	(D)	Damage caused		
30.	Whi	ch one of the following is not a valid	defe	nce in tort ?		
	(A)	Consent	(B)	Knowledge		
	(C)	Vis major	(D)	Volenti non fit injuria		
31.		disputes relating to election of Pres ded by the:	ident	and Vice-President are enquired into and		
	(A)	Election Commission	(B)	Parliament		
	(C)	Supreme Court	(D)	Electoral College		
32.	Adv	ocate General is appointed by:				
	(A)	Chief Justice of the High Court	(B)	Chief Minister of the State		
	(C)	Governor	(D)	Chief Secretary of the State		
33.	Wha	at is the tenure of the judges of Intern	ation	al Court of Justice ?		
	(A)	Nine years	(B)	Eight years		
	(C)	Seven years	(D)	Six years		
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	(C) Criminal negligence	(D)	Criminal misappropriation of property					
	(A) Criminal mischief	(B)	Criminal breach of trust					
	given to him for safe custody. 'A' is g	_						
40.	'A' an employee with the intention of o	causing l	oss to his employer throws away a gold ring					
	(C) Vice President	(D)	Election Commission of India					
	(A) Rajya Sabha	(B)	Union Cabinet					
39.	Election to the office of President of India is conducted by :							
	(C) 1948	(D)	1949					
	(A) 1945	(B)	1947					
38.	India became a member of United Na	tions Org	ganisation in the year:					
	(D) Both in the High Court and Supr	reme Cou	urt					
	(C) Only in the District Court							
	(B) Only in the High Court							
	(A) Only in the Supreme Court							
	writ petition:							
37.	For violation of fundamental rights as provided in the Constitution of India, one can file a							
	(D) All of the above							
		do some	ething which he is duty bound to do					
	(B) Does an act with the guilty mind							
	(A) If he causes harm							
36.	A person may be held criminally resp	onsible:						
	(D) 'A' will be convicted for rash an							
	(C) 'A' will be convicted for culpable							
			as he was suffering from insanity					
	(A) 'A' will be convicted for murder							
35.	Due to mental delusion, 'A' believ circumstances:	ed 'B' to	o be his enemy and killed 'B'. In these					
o =			-					
	(C) Death or life imprisonment		Death or life imprisonment and fine					
<i>J</i> 1.	(A) Death	(B)	Life imprisonment					
34.	The penalty for murder is:							

41.	1. Which of the following are the means of acquiring possession?					
	(A)	attornment	(B)	animus domini		
	(C)	corpus possessionis	(D)	causa possession		
42.	The	father of International law is:				
	(A)	Plato	(B)	Aristotle		
	(C)	Grotius	(D)	Denning		
43.	The	offence of theft becomes robbery wh	en it	is:		
	(A)	Committed by two persons				
	(B)	Committed by more than two but le	ss tha	in five persons		
	(C)	Committed by more than five person	ns			
	(D)	Coupled with imminent danger to li	fe			
44.	Parli	iamentary form of Government in Inc	dia ha	s been taken from:		
	(A)	Canada	(B)	Great Britain		
	(C)	USA	(D)	France		
45.		ere is conflict between the two Hous a joint sitting of both Houses, to reso		Parliament over an ordinary Bill, who can ne deadlock?		
	(A)	Prime Minister	(B)	President		
	(C)	Speaker of Lok Sabha	(D)	Vice President		
46.	Whi	ch of the following statement is corre	ect?			
	(A)	Abetment of an offence is always ar	offe	nce		
	(B) Abetment of an offence is not an offence					
	(C)	May be an offence depending on cir	cums	tances		
	(D)	It depends on the nature of crime				
47.		cuts down a tree on 'Z's ground withowledge:	out his	s permission and takes it away without 'Z's		
	(A)	It is a theft	(B)	It is an extortion		
	(C)	It is a dishonest misappropriation	(D)	It is a mischief		

48.	knowledge of 'X', 'Y' revokes his acceptance by telegram. When is the revocation							
		plete ?						
		When the telegram is despatched	v,					
		When the telegram is received by '		1 1 1 1 (437)				
		When the contents of telegram can	ne to the	he knowledge of 'X'				
	(D)	When 'X' accepts revocation						
49.	Free	edom of speech under Article 19 is g	uarant	teed to ?				
	(A)	citizens only	(B)	only to persons above the age of 21				
	(C)	to citizens as well as foreigners	(D)	any person residing in India				
50.	In Ir	ndia there is a supremacy of:						
		Constitution	(B)	Parliament				
	(C)		` /	Council of Ministers				
		•	, ,					
51.		son's analysis of the nature of law is	_					
		Grund norm	` '	Utility				
	(C)	Basic facts	(D)	None of the above				
52.	Arti	cle 2 of UNO charter enshrines seve	n func	damental guiding principles for functioning				
	of U	of UNO. Which of the following is not one among them?						
	(A)	(A) Principles of sovereign equality of State parties						
	(B)	(B) Settlement of disputes by peaceful means						
	(C)	Adjournment of war						
	(D)	(D) Absolute non-intervention of UNO in matters between state parties						
53.	Arti	cle 21A provides free and compulso	ry edu	acation to the children:				
		Upto 12 years	•	Upto 16 years				
		Upto 14 years		Upto 18 years				
~ .								
54.			-	loyment of the child below 14 years:				
		In a factory	(B)	In a shop				
	(C)	In an office	(D)	All the above				
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55.	5. Which Article of the Constitution of India provides the rule that a convict can be punished only according to the law in force at the time of commission of offence?				
	(A)	Article 20	(B)	Article 22	
	(C)	Article 21	(D)	Article 19	
56.	Righ	nt to Education was inserted as Funda	ıment	al Right by:	
	(A)	86 th Constitutional Amendment	(B)	87 th Constitutional Amendment	
	(C)	88th Constitutional Amendment	(D)	89th Constitutional Amendment	
57.	Sedi	tion is defined under section :			
	(A)	124 of Indian Penal Code	(B)	124A of Indian Penal Code	
	(C)	125 of Indian Penal Code	(D)	126 of Indian Penal Code	
58.	For	dacoity minimum persons required fo	or con	nmitting crime is:	
	(A)	3 persons	(B)	4 persons	
	(C)	5 persons	(D)	7 persons	
59.		•	stituti	ion of India declare that the Supreme Court	
		be a Court of Record?			
	` ′	Article 131	(B)	Article 130	
	(C)	Article 129	(D)	Article 134	
60.	Arti	cle 243 A of the Constitution of India	relat	es to:	
	(A)	Constitution of Panchayats			
	(B)	Gram Sabha			
	(C)	Reservation of seats for Gram Sabha	a and	Panchayats	
	(D)	Duration of Panchayat			
61.	Acceby:	ording to Section 14 of the Contract A	ct co	nsent is said to be free when it is not caused	
	(A)	Coercion and undue influence			
	(B)	Fraud and misrepresentation			
	(C)	Mistake and undue influence			
	(D)	Coercion, undue influence, fraud, m	isrep	resentation and mistake	
	` /	, ,	1		

62.	. Acquisition of ownership by prescription or adverse possession is an example of which of the following modes of possession ?				
	(A)	absolute	(B)	extinctive	
	(C)	accessory	(D)	derivative	
63.		ch society does not fall within the stitution of India?	meani	ng of 'state' as given in Article 12 of the	
	(A)	Co-operative Societies	(B)	Children Aid Society	
	(C)	Delhi State Electricity Board	(D)	Rajasthan State Electricity Board	
64.	"Wi	tnesses are the eyes and ears of justic	e" wl	no said so ?	
	(A)	Kant			
	(B)	Bentham			
	(C)	Pollock			
	(D)	Ihering			
65.	The	setting up of Finance Commission is	inclu	ided in the Constitution of India under:	
	(A)	Article 279	(B)	Article 281	
	(C)	Article 280	(D)	Article 282	
66.		ch of the following cases relates to "ha ciples of State Policy"?	rmon	y between Fundamental Rights and Directive	
		Shankari Prasad V Union of India			
	(A) (B)	Golaknath's case			
	(C)	TMA Pai foundation V State of Kar.	natak	a	
	(D)	Minerva Mills V UOI	пасак	u	
67	` /	of Tort deals with:			
67.					
	(A)	Private legal right			
	(B)	Public legal right			
	(C)	Both private and public legal right			
	(D)	None of the above			

68.	The term 'tort' is derived from:	
	(A) French	(B) Latin
	(C) Hindu	(D) Sanskrit
69.	Match the following:	
	(a) Pre-Constitution laws	(i) Atma Ram V State of Bihar
	(b) Amendment of the Constitution	(ii) Bhikaji V State of MP
	(c) Right against exploitation	(iii) Prafulla Kumar V Bank of Commerce
	(d) Rule of pith and substance	(iv) Shankari Prasad V Union of India
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	
	(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	
	(B) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)	
	(C) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)	
	(D) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)	
70.	the known laws and custom of the land; and explain the old ones." Whose opinion	
	(A) Salmond	(B) Blackstone
	(C) Affray	(D) Dicey
71.	"Rights are those conditions of social lift his best self." Who said so ?	e without which no man can seek in general to be
	(A) Laski	(B) Bentham
	(C) Gray	(D) Kautilya
72.	Which of the following doctrine of recognition?	recognition is also known as doctrine of non-
	(A) Estrada doctrine	(B) Stimson doctrine
	(C) Tohar doctrine	(D) Morrison doctrine
73.	The Rule as laid down in Haynes V Har	wood applies to ?
	(A) rescue of human beings only	
	(B) rescue of human beings and proper	rty if the property belongs to the rescuer
	(C) rescue of human beings and proper others	rty irrespective of whether it belongs to rescuer or
	(D) the given case is not based on 'Res	scue cases'
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74.	Whi	ch of the following is incorrectly	matched	?	
	(A)	Madhub Shah V Emperor		: Section 149 IPC	
	(B)	Queen Empress V Bal Gangadha	ır Tilak	: Section 124 A IPC	
	(C)	Basudev V State of Pepsu		: Section 86 IPC	
	(D)	Virsa Singh V State of Punjab		: Section 300 IPC	
75.	Nasl	n V Inman is a case based on which	ch of the	following?	
	(A)	privity of contract	(B)	liability of necessaries supplied	
	(C)	remoteness of damage	(D)	undue influence	
76.	In w	hich of the following situations, r	emedy b	y way of 'quantum meruit' is available?	
	(A)	where there is a valid contract			
	(B)	where the agreement was void a	b initio		
	(C)	where the contract is voidable at	the option	on of one party	
	(D)	in case of valid contracts and vo	id agreer	ments	
77.	The	minimum number of judges requ	ired for s	setting up a Constitution Bench in the Apex	
	Cou	rt is:			
	(A)	Two	(B)	Five	
	(C)	Seven	(D)	Nine	
78.	Whi	ch Court is not a court in India?			
	(A)	Supreme Court	(B)	Family Court	
	(C)	Green Court	(D)	Fast Track Court	
79.	Whi	ch of the following is incorrectly	matched	?	
	(A)	Felthouse V Bindley : Co	mmunica	ation of offer	
	(B)	Samuel V Ananthanath : Pri	vity of co	onsideration	
	(C)	Lowe V Peers : Ag	reement	in restraint of marriage	
	(D)	Taylor V Caldwell : De	struction	of subject matter	
80.		General Assembly of the UN adop e year :	oted the d	eclaration on the Rights of Disabled persons	
	(A)	1972	(B)	1973	
	(C)	1974	(D)	1975	
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81. In which of the following situations, an agreement will be void?

	(A) if the mistake relates to law					
	(B) if the mistake relates to fact					
	(C) if the mistake relates to fact as well as law					
	(D) neither of facts nor of law					
82.	2. The power of the President of India to issue an ordinance is a/an:					
	(A) Executive power	(B) Constituent power				
	(C) Quasi-judicial power	(D) Legislative power				
83.	83. The upholding and protecting the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India is:					
	(A) A part of the preamble of the Consti	tution				
	(B) A fundamental duty					
	(C) Basic structure of our Constitution					
	(D) A part of the preamble, a fundamental	duty as well as basic structure of our Constitution				
84.	State which of the following statements is	s correct ?				
	(A) The President is the executive head judicial powers	of the Union and he exercises no legislative or				
	(B) The President is a part of the Parliam	nent				
	(C) Since the President has the power to grant pardon, he is also the judicial head of Union					
	(D) The President has the discretion to ap	ppoint any person as Prime Minister				
85.	The law relating to diplomatic relations is	s codified in :				
	(A) Vienna Conventions	(B) Hague Conventions				
	(C) Geneva Conventions	(D) None of the above				
86.	Match the following:					
	(a) Nordenfelt V Maxim Nordenfelt	(i) Contract of apprenticeship				
	(b) Lalman Shukla V Gauri Dutt	(ii) Communication of acceptance				
	(c) Raj Rani V Prem Adib	(iii) Communication of offer				
	(d) Powell V Lee	(iv) Agreement in restraint of trade				
	(a) (b) (c) (d)					
	(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)					
	(B) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)					
	(C) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)					
	(D) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)					
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87.	Match the following:						
	(a) Mugal Steamship V McGregor & Co	(i) Act of God					
	(b) Nicholas V Marsland	(ii) Negligence					
	(c) Brook V Bool	(iii) Damnum sine injuria					
	(d) Cates V Mangini Bros	(iv) Joint tortfeasor					
	(a) (b) (c) (d)						
	(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)						
	(B) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)						
	(C) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)						
	(D) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)						
88.	Which of the following jurists regard will as t	· ·					
	(A) Ihering (B)	C					
	(C) Kant (D)	Savigny					
89.	The President of India is elected:						
	(A) Directly						
	(B) Indirectly						
	(C) Indirectly by secret ballot						
	(D) Indirectly by secret ballot and by proposingle transferable vote	rtionate representative system by means of					
90.	Which of the following torts are actionable pe	er se ?					
	(A) libel (B)	negligence					
	(C) conspiracy (D)	nuisance					
91.	Which of the following is not a primary source	ee of International law ?					
	(A) Treaty						
	(B) Custom						
	C) Judicial decisions						
	D) General principles of law recognised by civilized nations						
92. Incorporation doctrine propounded by William Blackstone in the Eighteenth century re							
	A) Intermetical Custom						
	(A) International Custom (B) International Treaty						
	(C) U.N. General Assembly Resolutions(D) General Principles of Law						
	(D) General I interpres of Law						

93.	Which of the following is an essential component for existence of international custom?							
	(A)	Long duration						
	(B)	Opino juris sive necessitatis						
	(C) Opinions of highly qualified publicists							
	(D)) None of the above						
94.	Which of the following is an invalid defence in an action for nuisance ?							
	(A)	use of reasonable care	(B)	prescriptive right to commit nuisance				
	(C)	statutory authority	(D)	both (B) and (C)				
95.	. Which of the following does not have procedural capacity to request ICJ to give advisory opinion ?							
	(A)	U.N. General Assembly	(B)	U.N. Security Council				
	(C)	States	(D)	WHO				
96.	6. The Constitution of India makes express mention of the term 'environment' in :							
	(A)	Article 48 A only	(B)	Article 48 A and 51 A (g)				
	(C)	Article 21	(D)	Article 51 A (g) only				
97.	. Who among the following is considered as founder of 'positivism'?							
	(A)	Bentham	(B)	Savigny				
	(C)	Hegel	(D)	Grotius				
98. Who said that 'Movement of progressive societies has been from status to con-			eties has been from status to contract'?					
	(A)	Kohler	(B)	Puchta				
	(C)	Henry Maine	(D)	Stammler				
99.	9. "Certainty of law is a legal myth." Who propounded this theory?							
	(A)	Jerome Frank	(B)	LLewellyn				
	(C)	Hegerstorm	(D)	Olivecroue				
100.	Who	propounded the theory of 'general v	vill'?					
	(A)	Rousseau	(B)	Locke				
	(C)	Thomas-Aquinas	(D)	Stoics				
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	(D)	the Lok Sabha passes a resolution to	that	effect by special majority			
	(C)	both the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha pass resolutions to that effect by simple majority					
	(B)	the Rajya Sabha passes a resolution to that effect by a simple majority					
	(A)	the Lok Sabha passes a resolution to that effect by simple majority					
108.	The	e President shall revoke a proclamation of emergency if:					
	(D)	Law is spirit of people					
	(C)	Essence of law is to serve and secure social solidarity					
	(B)	Law is command of sovereign					
		Law is what the judges say					
107.		Which of the following statements is in conformity with realist school of jurisprudence?					
	, ,		, ,				
	` /	Salmond	(B)	Austin Bentham			
106. Who has defined law as body of principles recognised and applied by the state in the administration of justice? (A) Kelsen (B) Austin							
10-		-	` ′				
	` ′	Hart Montesquieu	(B) (D)	Savigny Thiburt			
		ole and manifestation of their spirit?	(P)	Saviany			
105.	Who	among the following believed that 'l	aw is	product of the General consciousness of the			
	(C)	Cardozo	(D)	Maine			
	` /	Kohler	` /	Roscoe Pound			
ı U4.	harn	nonise their inter-relations" who mad	le this				
104	"Eur	nation of law is to reconcile the conf	liotin	a interests of individual in community and			
	(C)	Scotia case	(D)	The Lotus case			
		Hey Pauncefat	(B)	Arantazazu Mendi			
103.	Pana of ?	Panama Canal should be open and free to the vessels of all nations is held in the treaty/case					
		Coparcenary	, ,	Idol			
	` /	Firm		Company			
102.		ch of the following is not legal perso		Comment			
		-	` ′	2 44444			
		Hegel		Puchta Puchta			
101.		Roscoe Pound	_	Henry Maine			
101.	Who	gave the theory of 'Social Engineeri	ing' 🤈				

109.	Possession acquired through an agent or servant is an example of :					
	(A)	Incorporeal possession	(B)	Immediate possession		
	(C)	Corporeal possession	(D)	Mediate possession		
110.	The	The Grund norm theory was propounded by:				
	(A)	Kelsen	(B)	Prof. Gray		
	(C)	Salmond	(D)	Hale		
111.	Which among the following is not the permanent member of the Security Council?					
	(A)	Germany	(B)	France		
	(C)	China	(D)	Britain		
112.	Whi	ch of the following is a Neutral coun	try?			
	(A)	Belgium	(B)	Ceylone		
	(C)	Pakistan	(D)	Switzerland		
113.	The term 'Abettor' has been defined in Indian Penal Code under:					
	(A)	Section 107 IPC	(B)	Section 108 IPC		
	(C)	Section 108 A IPC	(D)	Section 109 IPC		
114.	. "Nothing is an offence which is done by a person who is bound by law to do it."					
	The above principle comes under which provision of Indian Penal Code?					
	(A)	Section 76 IPC	(B)	Section 77 IPC		
	(C)	Section 78 IPC	(D)	Section 79 IPC		
115.	. Which section of Indian Penal Code provides the rule for punishment of offences committed within India ?					
	(A)	Section 1 of IPC	(B)	Section 2 of IPC		
	(C)	Section 3 of IPC	(D)	Section 4 of IPC		
116.	6. West Rand Central Gold Mining Co Ltd V King is a leading case related to:					
	(A) succession to non fiscal contractual rights and obligations					
	(B) succession to treaty rights and obligations					
	(C) succession of concessionary contract					
	(D)	succession of public debts				

117.	. An agreement to do an act impossible in itself is:					
	(A)	Void	(B)	Voidable		
	(C)	Illegal	(D)	Fraud		
118.	8. Valid consideration under Indian Contract Act means a consideration which is:					
	(A)	Real	(B)	Illusory		
	(C)	Adequate	(D)	None of the above		
119.	Tort	is not different from:				
	(A)	Breach of Trust	(B)	Bailment		
	(C)	Contract	(D)	Civil wrong		
120.	0. What does not constitute as ingredient for the tort of negligence ?					
	(A)	Careless conduct	(B)	Intention		
	(C)	Unreasonable conduct	(D)	Conduct causing damage		

ROUGH WORK