

Climate deal

Kyoto Protocol

At the COP in 1997 in Kyoto, the Kyoto Protocol was agreed. Agreement commits its Parties by setting internationally binding emission reduction targets.

Protocol places a heavier burden on developed nations under the principle of "common but differentiated responsibilities."

The Kyoto Protocol was adopted in Kyoto, Japan, on 1997 and entered into force on 16 February 2005.

It divided countries into three groups of Annex I, Annex II and Annex III.

Annex have industrialised nations and responsibility for reduction in GHG is with Annex I countries. Roadmap for Kyoto ended at 2012.

It restrict the rise in global temperatures to below 2 degree C of pre-industrial levels.

Nations submitted their own Nationally determined contributions to UNFCCC and it has calculated the total effect on the world.

Notes with concern that the estimated aggregate GHG emission levels in 2025 and 2030 from INDCs do not fall within least-cost 2 °

much greater emission reduction efforts will be required than those associated with the INDCs

Urges those Parties whose intended nationally determined contribution contains a time frame up to 2025 to communicate by 2020 a new nationally determined contribution and to do so every five years thereafter

Decides to convene a facilitative dialogue among Parties in 2018 to take stock of the collective efforts of Parties in relation to progress towards the long-term goal.

COP 21

History

International action against climate change started with earth summit of 1992.

The UNFCCC is a "Rio Convention", one of three adopted at the "Rio Earth Summit" in 1992.

The UNFCCC entered into force on 21 March 1994. Today 195 countries have ratified the Convention are called Parties to the Convention.

Preventing "dangerous" human interference with the climate system is the ultimate aim of the UNFCCC.

The Conference of parties (COP) is the supreme decision-making body of the Convention. All States that are Parties to the Convention are also the members of the COP.