COMMERCE & ACOUNTANCY



Гime Allowed: Two Hours		Marks: 100
Name:	Roll No.	

Read instructions given below before opening this booklet:

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

- 1. Use only **BLUE Ball Point** Pen.
- 2. In case of any defect Misprint, Missing Question/s Get the booklet changed. No complaint shall be entertained after the examination.
- 3. Before you mark the answer, read the instruction on the OMR Sheet (Answer Sheet) also before attempting the questions and fill the particulars in the ANSWER SHEET carefully and correctly.
- 4. There are FOUR options to each question. Darken only one to which you think is the right answer. There will be no Negative Marking.
- 5. Answer Sheets will be collected after the completion of examination and no candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall earlier.
- 6. The candidates are to ensure that the Answer Sheet is handed over to the room invigilator only.
- 7. Rough work, if any, can be done on space provided at the end of the Question Booklet itself. No extra sheet will be provided in any circumstances.
- 8. Write the BOOKLET SERIES in the space provided in the answer sheet, by darkening the corresponding circles.
- 9. Regarding incorrect questions or answers etc. Candidates kindly see NOTE at the last page of the Booklet.

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Series-A

SEA

1.	Provision for bad and doubtful debts is created in anticipation of actudebts on the basis of:		
	(A) Conservatism concept (C) Full disclosure concept	(B) Going concern concept(D) Industry practice	
2.	Which accounting principle is violated by including personal expenses of owner in the business expenses?		
	(A) Cost principle(C) Entity concept	(B) Going concern concept(D) Conservatism	
3.	 X, Y, Z are partners in a firm. If B is to be admitted as a new partner: (A) Old partnership has to be dissolved (B) Old firm has to be dissolved (C) Both old firm and partnership has to be dissolved (D) Neither firm nor partnership need to be dissolved. 		
4.	Indian Accounting Standard AS-10 is related (A) Depreciation (C) Cash Flow	ed to: (B) Accounting for Fixed Assets (D) Valuation of Inventories	
5.	 In the absence of an agreement to the contrary, the partners: (A) Are entitled for 6% interest on their capitals, only when there are profits (B) Are entitled for 9% interest on their capitals, only when there are profits (C) Are entitled for interest on capital at the bank rate, only when there are profits (D) Are not entitled for any interest on their capitals 		
6.	New profit sharing ratio is calculated at the (A) Admission of a partner (C) Death of a partner	e time of: (B) Retirement of a partner (D) All of the above	
7.	A, B and C are three partners sharing profit is admitted for 1/10 share, the new ratio with (A) 5:4:3:2 (C) 4:3:2:1	its and losses in the ratio of 4:3:2, D ill be: (B) 4:4:3:2 (D) None of these	
8.	Sec. 37 of Partnership Act provides intere or deceased partner at: (A) 5% (C) Bank rate	st on the amount left by the retiring (B) 6% (D) Prime lending rate	
9.	A, B, C and D are equal partners. A, B and This accident results in: (A) Dissolution of partnership (B) Dissolution of firm (C) Dissolution of firm as well as dissoluti (D) Neither dissolution of firm nor dissolution	on of partnership	

DOWNLOADED FROM : WWW.IASEXAMPORTAL.COM On dissolution all assets are transferred to reaslisation account at: 10. (B) Market value (A) Book value (C) Cost or market value, whatever is less (D) None of the above 11. Realisation account is a: (B) Real a/c (A) Personal a/c (D) Memorandum a/c (C) Nominal a/c Definition of a public company is given in the Indian Companies Act 1956: 12. (B) Section 3 (1) (ii) (A) Section 3 (1) (i) (D) Section 3 (1) (iv) (C) Section 3 (1) (iii) 13. Equity Shareholders are: (A) Customers of the company (B) Owners (D) None of these (C) Creditors On an equity share of Rs. 10, the minimum amount of share application under 14. the law should be: (B) Re. 1 (A) Rs. 0.50 (D) Rs. 2.50 (C) Rs. 2 When shares are forfeited, called up amount on shares is debited to: 15. (B) Capital Reserve Account (A) Forfeiture Account (D) Capital A/c (C) General Reserve A/c Redeemable preference shares can be redeemed: 16. (A) Only if they are fully paid (B) Even if they are partly paid (C) If they are paid not less than 50% of the nominal value of shares (D) Only if they are issued at a premium 17. Bonus shares are issued by the companies because: (A) Surplus cash is available (B) There is heavy competition from similar companies (C) There is heavy accumulated general reserve (D) They have high gross profit ratio The interest on Debenture Redemption Fund Investments is credited to: 18. (A) Debenture A/c (B) Debenture Redemption Fund A/c (C) Debenture Redemption Fund Investment A/c (D) Name of the above The analysis by a banker for the purpose of granting cash credit is an example 19. (B) External analysis (A) Internal analysis

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(C) Critical analysis

(D) Horizontal analysis

20.	Vertical analysis is known as: (A) Static analysis	(B) Structural analysis	
	(C) Both (A) & (B)	(D) Dynamic analysis	
21.	Price-earning ratio is useful to:		
	(A) Short term creditors (C) Debenture holders	(B) Investors in shares(D) None of these	
	(C) Descriture noticers	(D) None of these	
22.	Capital employed is equal to:	(D) T (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
	(A) Total assets(C) Fixed Assets + working capital	(B) Total assets – total liabilities(D) None of the above	
	(C) Fixed Assets + working capital	(D) None of the above	
23.	According to AS-3 (Revised), purchase of		
	(A) Operating activity	(B) Investing activity	
	(C) Financing activity	(D) None of these	
24.	Cash flow statement is prepared from:		
	(A) Balance Sheet	(B) Profit and Loss A/c	
	(C) Additional Information	(D) All of the above	
25.	Which of the following will not change wo	rking capital?	
	(A) Purchase of goods for cash		
	(B) Purchase of machine for cash		
	(C) Purchase of machine against cheque		
	(D) Sale of old machine against cheque		
26.	A transaction does not result into flow of fu		
	(A) When a current assets is converted into another current assets		
	(B) When a large term likelity is noted out of current assets		
	(C) When a long term liability is paid out of current assets (D) None of the above		
27.	Generally Auditing is not necessary for sma (A) Legally it is not necessary	all sole trading business because:	
	(B) Its scope is limited		
	(C) Its proprietor has full control on it		
	(D) None of the above		
28.	The selection of transactions is made for tes	et checking:	
20.	(A) According to plan	(B) As per tradition	
	(C) Random	(D) As per future strategy	
20	Andia Nicke Deaders and a		
29.	Audit Note Book contains: (A) Various dates of reference		
	(B) Details of work done		
	(C) Notes regarding item requiring clarification explanations, etc.		
	(D) All of the above		

30.	Which of the following has a broad	Which of the following has a broader scope?		
50.	(A) Internal control	(B) Internal checking		
	(C) Internal audit	(D) None of the above		
31.	An Internal Auditor is:			
31.	(A) Temporary Employee	(B) Permanent Employee		
	(C) Daily wager	(D) None of the above		
20	The main object of vouching is:			
32.	(A) To prepare trial balance			
	(B) To conduct routine checking			
	(C) To verify authenticity and authority of transactions			
	(D) Checking of vouchers			
	•			
33.	Which one of the following is true	? zoucher		
	(A) Entry can be made without a vithout a vith	entries is not essential		
	(B) Comparing the vouchers with	(B) Comparing the vouchers with entries is not essential (C) There should be no entry without vouchers and no vouchers without entry		
	(C) There should be no entry with	out vouchers and no vouchers		
*	(D) All of the above			
34.	Valuation is the base of:	(D) Voushing		
	(A) Verification	(B) Vouching		
	(C) Marketing	(D) None of the above		
35.	The double entry system of book	-keeping was evolved by:		
55.	(A) Luca Pacioli	(D) Stevenson		
	(C) Wilson	(D) Churchill		
26	Under which section of the Com	Under which section of the Companies Act, the remuneration of the auditor is		
36.	finalised?	F /		
	(A) 224	(B) 225		
	(C) 224 (8)	(D) 231		
		A at the branch auditor is appointed?		
37.	Under which section of the Com	panies Act the branch auditor is appointed? (B) 228		
	(A) 224	(D) 231		
	(C) 225	(D) 231		
38.	Dividend can be distributed from	n which of the following?		
50.	(A) Current year's profit	(B) Last year's profit		
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	(D) None of the above		
20	Alteration of name clause in Me	emorandum of Association requires:		
39.	(A) Questial regulation with anni	oval of Central Government in writing		
	(D) Ordinary resolution with an	(A) Special resolution with approval of Central Government in writing (B) Ordinary resolution with approval of Central Government in writing		
	(C) Special resolution with the approval of Company Law Board			
	(D) Ordinary resolution with the	e approval of Company Law Board		
	(D) Ordinary reconstruction			

40.	company are issued at a premium?	the Companies Act, shares of a	
	(A) Section 78	(B) Section 79	
	(C) Section 81	(D) None of the above	
41.	While auditing accounts of a Railway, Com (A) That the provisions of Memorandum ar formed	nd Articles of Association are	
	(B) The Director's Statement Book and all(C) The Act passed in the parliament(D) All of the above	other agreements	
42.	"A plan is a trap to capture the future". This		
	(A) Newman	(B) Hurley	
	(C) Allen	(D) Terry	
43.	The concept of bounded rationality has bee		
	(A) George R. Terry	(B) Peter F. Drucker	
	(C) Herbert A. Simon	(D) R.S. Davar	
44.	"Management by objectives have failed to motivate people". This statement is of:		
	(A) Harry Levision	(B) R.S. Davar	
	(C) A.M. Brown	(D) E.F.L. Brech	
45.	SWOT analysis is used in: (A) Environment Analysis		
	(B) Strategy formulation (C) Environment analysis and strategy form	aulation both	
	(D) None of the above		
46.	"Wrong organisation structure prevents business performance upto the extent that it destroys it". This statement is of:		
	(A) Drucker	(B) Terry	
	(C) Allen	(D) Brech	
47.	Factor which is common to Maslow, Herzberg and McGregor is that they have propounded theories of:		
	(A) Control	(B) Leadership	
	(C) Motivation	(D) Communication	
48.	Departmentation is suitable for:		
	(A) Small Industries	(B) Large Industries	
	(C) Cottage Industries	(D) All type of industries	
49.	Maximum discipline exists in:		
	(A) Line and staff organization	(B) Committee organisation	
	(C) Line organization	(D) Functional organisation	

50. X and Y Theory of motivation has been propound		opounded by:	
	(A) Meslow	(B) Ouchi	
	(C) Herzberg	(D) McGregor	
51.	"The main reason of most business enterprises becoming unsuccessful is the inefficient leadership." This statement is of:		
	(A) Koontz and O'Donnell	(B) Peter F. Drucker	
	(C) George R. Terry	(D) Mooney and Reley	
52.	Likert's management systems are:		
	(A) 4	(B) 5	
	(C) 6	(D) 8	
53.	Contingency Model is given by:		
	(A) Fiedler's	(B) Likert's	
	(C) Blake and Mouton	(D) Victor Vroom	
54.	"Change is compulsory in management."	This statement is of:	
	(A) Terry	(B) Allen	
	(C) Taylor	(D) Fayol	
55.	'NCLAT' stands for: (A) National Corporate Law Appellate Tribunal (B) National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (C) National Corporate Law Appeal Tribunal (D) National Company law Appeal Tribunal		
56.	The Securities and Exchange Board of India was set up in the year:		
20.	(A) 1991	(B) 1992	
	(C) 1981	(D) 1982	
57.	Minimum number of members required to incorporate a company in case of banking business are:		
	(A) 5	(B) 7	
	(C) 10	(D) 20	
58.	Corporate veil can be lifted or pierced und (A) Under statutory provisions (B) Under judicial interpretation (C) (A) and (B) both (D) None of the above	er following circumstances:	
59.	"A company limited by share" is def	fined under section o	
	Companies Act 1956.		
	(A) Sec. 12 (1) (a)	(B) Sec. 12 (2) (a)	
	(C) Sec. 12 (1) (b)	(D) Sec. 12 (2) (b)	

60.	A Government company is defined under s 1956.	ection of Compani	es Act
	(A) 617 (C) 619 A(2)	(B) 617 A(1) (D) 620	
61.	Filing of Article of Association to the Registrar for the incorporation for the public company adopting Table A. (A) Compulsory (B) Optional		
	(C) Necessary	(D) Recommendatory	
62.	Change of Registered office from one state to another state requires: (A) Ordinary resolution only (B) Ordinary resolution and sanction of the company law board (C) Special resolution only (D) Special resolution and sanction of the company law board. 		
63.	The Doctrine of Ultra Vires implies to t ambit of: (A) Object clause (B) Capital clause (C) Liability clause (D) All of the above	hose acts which are outside	of the
64.	Doctrine of Constructive Notice applies to (A) Article of Association (B) Memorandum of Association (C) (A) and (B) Both (D) None of the above		
65.	Under which of the following section of the defined?	e Companies Act, Self prospe	ectus is
	(A) 60A (C) 61A	(B) 60B (D) 61B	
66.	Book building is a method of: (A) Issuing shares (C) Issuing debenture	(B) Buy back of share (D) Redemption of debentu	re
67.	A partnership firm having more than 20 pa (A) A company (C) Illegal association	(B) Limited Liability partne	_
68.	The first auditor or auditors are appointed (A) Central Government (C) Board of Directors	by: (B) Company Law Board (D) Shareholders	
69.	Special Audit is specified under section (A) 233A (C) 232A	of Companies Act. (B) 233B (D) 232B	

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77.	The Board meeting of the Directors should be held at least:		
	(A) 2 times a year	(B) 3 times a year	
	(C) 4 times a year	(D) 5 times a year	
78.	Which of the following is a statutor (A) To sign documents requiring au (B) To sign annual return	thentication	
	(C) To sign annual accounts of the c(D) All of the above	company	
79.	The theory of trusteeship of the bus	iness assets was pronounced by:	
	(A) Henry fayol	(B) Mahatma Gandhi	
	(C) Jawaharlal Nehru	(D) Karl Marx	
80.	paper to the central authority which in turn allocates the output to all t		
	member units:		
	(A) Pool	(B) Gentlement agreement	
	(C) Cartels	(D) Amalgamation	
81. "Delegation means assigning work to others and it." This statement is given by:		to others and giving them authority to do	
	(A) Brech	(B) Terry	
	(C) Allen	(D) F.G.Moore	
82.	Horizontal integration is combination of companies engaged in the production of (A) Same product		
	(B) Product in successive stages of		
	(C) Product having a number of by		
	(D) Different type of unrelated pro-	duct.	
83.	FICCI was formed in the year of:	(D) 100 (
	(A) 1921	(B) 1926	
	(C) 1930	(D) 1953	
84.	A partner who merely lends his na		
	(A) Dormant partner	(B) Nominal partner	
	(C) Active partner	(D) Partner by holding out	
85.	The equity share of a company are	first issued in the:	
	(A) Money market	(B) Primary market	
	(C) Secondary market	(D) None of the above	
86.	EPCG schemes in international tra	de allows:	
	(A) Duty free imports of all goods		
	(B) Duty free import of capital-good	ods	
	(C) Remission of duty in export		
	(D) Duty drawback in export		

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87.	'Bill of lading' in export is issued by: (A) Commercial bank (C) Custom authorities	(B) Shipping company(D) Exporter
88.	Import procedure begins with: (A) Indent (C) Mat's Certificate	(B) Marine insurance(D) Shipping order
89.	Duty ad valorum means imposition of du (A) Weight of goods (C) Value of goods	(D) None of the above
90.	Trading on equity leads to higher return (A) Equity shareholder (C) Debenture holder	(D) All of the above
91.	(C) Depender holder When custom duty is levied according (A) Ad valorum duty (C) Excise duty	(D) General duty
92.	 (A) Insurer only (B) Insured only (C) Both insurer and insured (D) Insured in some policies and insu 	rer in other
93	in surrance policy covers risk	of loss due to: (B) Theft by employees (D) All of the above
9	Principle of Indemnity does not appl(A) Life insurance(C) Life and marine insurance	y to: (B) Marine insurance (D) Fire insurance
•	95. Bombay Stock Exchange was estab (A) 1887 (C) 1912	(D) 1925
	96. In stock market terminology, a Tar (A) Broker (C) Agent of broker	(D) None of the above
	97. The minimum number of member (A) 2 (C) 10	s required to form a co-operative society is: (B) 5 (D) 20

- 98. Which of the following has implied authority to bind HUF firm of his conduct in business?
 - (A) Only karta
 - (B) Only co-parceners of the firm
 - (C) Karta as well as co-parceners
 - (D) None of the above
- 99. Which of the following type of organisation can be wind-up very easily?
 - (A) Sole proprietorship
 - (B) Co-operative society
 - (C) Government company
 - (D) Public limited company
- 100. Dematerialisation of shares means:
 - (A) Selling shares to non registered member
 - (B) Holding shares in electronic form
 - (C) Future trading of the share
 - (D) Repurchase of share from the market

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