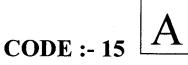
**Question Booklet Series** 

# Pol. Sc. & International Relations



Time Allowed: Two Hours	Mark	
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Series-A

N I V

#### DOWNLOADED FROM : WWW.IASEXAMPORTAL.COM Who was the Viceroy of India when the 'Quit India Movement' started in 1942? 1. (B) Willington (A) Linlithgo (D) None of the above (C) Wavell The first satyagraha campaign of Gandhiji was started in: 2. (B) Baradalin (A) Champaran (D) Baroda (C) Dandi Which extermist leader opined "We will not achieve any success in our 3. labours if we croak once a year like a frog"? (B) Lala Lajpat Rai (A) B.G. Tilak (D) None of the above (C) Bipin Chandra Pal The Head quarter of the Gadar Party was at: 4. (B) Berlin (A) Moscow (D) Karachi (C) San Francisco The Partition of Bengal was revoked by the British Government in the year: 5. (A) 1919 (B) 1917 (D) 1911 (C) 1914 In 1923, Swaraj party gained absolute majority in: 6. (A) Legislative Assembly (B) UP Council (D) Central Province Council (C) Bengal Council Who was the chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution? 7. (A) JB Kriplani (B) Rajendra Prasad (D) BR Ambedkar (C) JL Nehru In which year did Bankim Chandra Chattopadhya write 'Anandmath'? 8. (A) 1858 (D) None of the above (C) 1882 9. The Rowlatt Act was passed in the year: (B) 1919 (A) 1931 (D) 1942 (C) 1920 The Lucknow session of 1916 is noted for: 10. (A) Congress acceptance of the League's demand of separate electorates and weight for muslims. (B) Merger of the Muslim League into the Congress, temporarily. (C) Election of a muslim leader as congress president (D) None of the above Who was the president of the Congress when it declared 'Poorna Swaraj' as its 11. objective? (B) Mahatma Gandhi (A) Motilal Nehru (D) Subhash Chandra Bose (C) Jawaharalal Nehru

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12.			llowing				
	(a) Govt. of India Act, 1919				(1)	Dyarchy in Provinces	
		(b) Govt. of India Act, 1935				(2)	Provincial Autonomy
	(c) Morley-Minto Reforms, 1909				(3)	Legislative Councils for provinces	
	(d) Indian Council Act, 1861				(4)	Introduction of communal electorate	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(A)	2	i	4	3		
	(B)	1	3	2	4		
	(C)	1	4	2 3	2		
	(D)	1	2	4	3		
13.	Match	the fo	llowing	g revolu	tionarie	s with th	e end they met:
		in Das				(1)	Life sentence
			Shekha	r Azad		(2)	Died on a hunger strike
		agat S				(3)	Killed in an encounter
	` '	alpana	-			(4)	Hanged
	,	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(A)	2	3	ì	4		
	(B)	3	2	4	1		
	(C)	3 2	2 3	4	1		
	(D)	3	4	1	2		
14.	Whic	h is the	correc	t chrono	ological	order of	the following:
	(I)		ps Miss			(II)	Gandhi-Irwin pact
	(III)	Simo	on Com	mission	l	(IV)	Partition of the country
	(A)		, III, I				
	(B)		, IV, II				
	(C)		, III, I				
	(D)	III,	II, I, I	V			
15.	The S	Swades	hi mov	ement s	tarted in	ı India d	uring:
	(A) The champaran Satyagraha of Gandhiji						
		<ul><li>(B) The anti-Bengal partition agitation</li><li>(C) The protest against the Rowlatt act</li></ul>					
							. 1010 22
	(D) I	he firs	t non-co	ooperau	ion mov	ement ii	1919-22
16.	The f	amous	book '	Caste in	Indian		in authored by:
	(A) F	rof. Ra	ajni Kot	hari		` '	Sipin Chandra
	(C) I	r. Sub	hash Ka	ashyap		(D) P	Prof. Rudolph
17.				Hatao'	was giv		
			e year				Vth five year plan
	(C) V	th five	e year p	lan		(D) V	Ith five year plan

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18.	'The sons of the soil' doctrine conce	erns with :
	(A) Castism	(B) Regionalism
	(C) Communalism	(D) Corruption
19.	The Indian Constitution does not cl this freedom is implicit in Article:	early provide for the freedom of press but
	(A) 19(I) a	(B) 19(I) b
	(C) 19(I) c	(D) 19(I) d
20.	Judicial Review in India is based on	
	(A) Procedure established by law	(B) Due process of Law
	(C) Rule of Law	(D) Precedents and conventions
21.	Which one of the following does Constitution?	not find mention in the preamble of the
	(A) Dignity of the individual	(B) Dignity of the Constitution
	(C) Fraternity	(D) Unity and integrity of the Nation
22.	Which of the following are the type India?	es of authority attributed to the President of
	(A) Real and popular	(B) Titular and De-jure
	(C) Political and nominal	(D) Constitutional and nominal
23.	one of the following groups of child	
	(A) 3-9 years	(B) 6-18 years
	(C) 6-14 years	(D) 4-10 years
24.	Which of the following categor 'Abolition of untouchability'?	ries of Fundamental Rights incorporate
	(A) The Right to religion	(B) The Right to equality
	(C) The Right against exploitation	(D) The Right to freedom
25.	Which of the following article of I duties?	Indian constitution enunciates fundamental
	(A) Article 35	(B) Article 51A
	(C) Article 32	(D) Article 14
26.	Which of the following body is not (A) Public Service Commission	provided in the Indian Constitution?
	(B) Election Commission	
	(C) Planning Commission	
	(D) Finance Commission	
27.	At present, right to property is a:	
	(A) Natural Right	(B) Human Right
	(C) Fundamental Right	(D) Legal Right

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28.	8. A person can move the Supreme Court directly in the event of vio Fundamental Rights under:		
	(A) Article 19 (C) Article 34	<ul><li>(B) Article 32</li><li>(D) None of the above</li></ul>	
29.	The Directive Principles of State Pol (A) Justiciable (B) Non-Justiciable (C) Only some directive principles a (D) None of the above		
30.	Under which article of the Indian co. (A) Article 356 (C) Article 76	nstitution the President can be impeached? (B) Article 75 (D) Article 61	
31.	A person can be a member of the co of the parliament for a maximum per (A) One year (C) Three months	uncil of ministers without being a member riod of:  (B) Six months  (D) Four months	
32.	How many members of the Anglo-In President to the Parliament? (A) 2 (B) 12 (C) 10 (D) unspecified number, which is de	ndian Community can be nominated by the ecided by the council of ministers	
33.	Who can dissolve the Lok Sabha be years?  (A) The Prime Minister  (B) The President  (C) The President on the recommend  (D) The President on the recommend		
34.	<ul> <li>The President can call a joint session of the two houses of parliament:</li> <li>(A) If a bill passed by one house is rejected by the other</li> <li>(B) If the amendment proposed to the bill by one house is not acceptable to the other house</li> <li>(C) If the house does not take any action for six months on a bill remitted by the other house</li> <li>(D) Under all the above conditions</li> </ul>		
35.	The Supreme Court of India is a court  (A) It has to keep a record of all its of (B) All the decisions have evidential court  (C) It has the power to punish for its (D) Both (B) and (C)	decisions ry value and cannot be questioned in any	

36.	Which one of the following is a (A) Police (C) Radio and Television	subject of concurrent list:  (B) Criminal matters  (D) Foreign Affairs	
37.		itution is related to Panchayati Raj:	
	(A) II Schedule	(B) VIII Schedule	
	(C) X Schedule	(D) XI Schedule	
38.	India borrowed the idea of a fed	eral system with a strong centre from	•
	(A) USA	(B) Canada	
	(C) Australia	(D) New Zealand	
39.	Panchyati Raj is based on the pr	inciple of:	
39.	(A) Democratic decentralisation		
	(B) Community cooperation and		
	(C) People's participation in go		
	(D) Cultivation of political awa	reness among the rural masses	
	· ·		
40.		or women in Panchayati Raj system?	
	(A) 1/3 seats	(B) 2/3 seats	
	(C) 2/5 seats	(D) 3/4 seats	
41.	How many subjects have been	included in the 12 <sup>th</sup> schedule of Co	nstitution,
11.	under the jurisdiction of the Mu	nicipalities?	
	(A) 18	(B) 29	
	(C) 21	(D) 25	
42.	"Constitution is a set of establi of Government". This statemen (A) Bryce (B) Hermon Finer (C) Gilcrist (D) Aristotle	shed rules embodying and enacting the twas stated by	e practice
43.	Which one is not the merit of a (A) It is completely stable and (B) It can be moulded by Judic (C) There is a mention of funda (D) It is apt to command the co	clear ial bodies imental rights	
44.	(A) It ensure stable Governmen	t is most suitable for emergencies administration	?
45.	"Parliamentary Government is and legally responsible to Parli (A) Finer (C) Garner	that system in which the cabinet is in ament". This statement was stated by  (B) Bryce  (D) Dicey	mediately :
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#### DOWNLOADED FROM : WWW.IASEXAMPORTAL.COM 46. The word 'Federalism' means: (A) Unity (B) Union (C) Treaty on Agreement (D) Will Which one is not the essential features of a federal government? 47. (A) A precise distribution of powers between the centre and the states (B) The supremacy of the constitution (C) The supremacy of the judiciary (D) Dual citizenship 48. Who is the writer of 'Federal Government'? (A) Prof. K.C. Wheare (B) J.S. Mill (C) Dr. Garner (D) Dicey 49. Unitary form of government is not found in which of the following country? (A) England (B) Japan (C) Norway (D) USA 50. 'Grammar of Politics' is written by: (A) Garner (B) Bryce (C) Laski (D) T.H. Green By local self government we mean the administration of local areas run by: 51. (A) Local elite group (B) Local administrative officers (C) Its elective representatives (D) None of the above 52. Cabinet government is also called: (A) Responsible government (B) Parliamentary government (C) 'A' and 'B' both (D) None of the above 53. The word 'Bureaucracy' was coined by: (A) Laski (B) Vilobi (C) Max Weber (D) Vincent Di Garne Who among the following said that under the parliamentary form of 54. government 'bureaucracy' thrives under the cloak of ministerial responsibility? (A) Hermon Finer (B) Ramsay Muir (C) Harold Laski (D) Ivor Jennings Which one of the following is not an agent of public opinion? 55. (A) Press (B) Judiciary (C) Political Parties (D) TV and Radio 56. Public opinion necessarily means:

(A) Public opinion based on reason

(B) Opinion of the majority

(C) Opinion which aims at the welfare of the whole community

(D) Opinion of all concerned

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Series- A

57.	John Austin expounded the legal theory of (A) Six Books on the Republic (C) An Introduction to Politics	(B) Lectures on Jurisprudence (D) Foundation of Sovereignty
58.	Who were the founders of the idea of plura (A) Leon Duguit and H. Krabbe (B) Otto V. Gierke and F.W. Maitland (C) Earnest Barker and A.D. Lindrey (D) H.J. Laski and Robert M. Maciver	lism?
59.	Who among the following is not concerned (A) Thomas Hobbes (C) Jean Jaques Rousseau	with Social Contract Theory? (B) John Locke (D) Sir Robert Filmer
60.	According to Rousseau, in the state of Natu (A) A noble savage (C) Social and sympathetic towards other	(B) Selfish and self seeking
61.	Which one of the following did not in according to Evolutionary Theory?  (A) Kinship  (C) Political consciousness	fluence the evolution of the state  (B) Religion  (D) Political parties
62.	The statement that the State is a political associated with which of the following?  (A) Social Contract theory  (C) Evolutionary theory	super-structure on economic base is  (B) Organic theory  (D) Marxist theory
63.	In Nineteenth Century liberal thinkers cons (A) Positive good (C) Welfare institution	sidered the State as a:  (B) Necessary evil  (D) Divine Institution
64.	Who is an ardent champion of the liberty of (A) Laski (C) Bentham	of the individual? (B) J.S. Mill (D) Adam Smith
65.	<ul> <li>Which one of the following is not a function</li> <li>(A) Abolition of property in land and appliquence</li> <li>(B) Abolition of all rights of inheritance</li> <li>(C) Equal liability of all to labour</li> <li>(D) Protection against external aggression against each other</li> </ul>	cation of all rents of land to public
66.	What is the main features of a welfare state (A) Provisions of Economic security (B) Provisions of Political security (C) Provisions of Social security (D) All of the above	e?

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Series- A

#### In which book Jonathan Terner described the phase of Social movement? 67. (A) The social system (B) Studying the human system (C) Social movement (D) None of the above Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given 68. List I List II (a) Christine de Pison (1) The feminine Mystique (b) Mary Wollstone Craft (2) Book of the city of Ladies (c) Betty Friden **(3)** The Second Sex (d) Simon de Beauvior Vindication of the Rights of (4) Women Code Α В C D (A) 1 3 2 4 (B) 1 2 3 4 (C) 1 4 2 3 (D) 2 1 3 In the second half of the 19th century several peasant revolts took place in 69. different parts of India. Match the revolt with its respective area. (a) Kuki revolt 1. Puniab (b) Kuka revolt 2. Bengal (c) Pabna Peasant revolt 3. Bihar (d) Birsa Munda's revolt 4. Tripura (A) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3 (B) A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3 (C) A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4 (D) A-4, B-1, C-3, D-4 Who said, "votes should not be counted, they should be weighted"? 70. (A) J.S. Mill (B) Barker (C) Taine (D) Laski Point out the date, which is observed as the International Human Rights Day: 71. (A) 1 May (B) 5 June (C) 10 December (D) 22 January 72. The natural rights which are described by the Locke are: (A) Right of Life, Religion and family (B) Right of Life, Property and Religion (C) Right of Life, work and Religion (D) Right of Life, Liberty and Property Who said, "Rights are those conditions of life without which no man can seek 73. to be himself at his best". (A) Wilde (B) Laski (C) Holland (D) Bentham

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Series- A

74.	Who are the opponent of private property?  (A) Idealistic  (C) Socialist	(B) Utilitarian (D) None of the above			
75.	Who authored the book, "The Origin of t	no authored the book, "The Origin of the Family, Private Property and the			
	State"? (A) Friedrich Engels (C) Laski	(B) Marx (D) Bentham			
76.	Concept of negative liberty emphasizes or (A) Equality (C) Absence of interference	n which one of the following?  (B) Autonomy  (D) Freedom of choice			
77.	Who gave the concept of 'One-Dimension (A) J.S. Mill (C) C.B. Macpherson	nal Man'? (B) Karl Marx (D) Herbert Marcuse			
78.	Who among the following has considered contradictory with each other:  (A) Alexis de Tocqueville  (C) Laski	(B) Lord Acton (D) 'A' and 'B' Both			
79.	The concept of 'veil of ignorance' was gi (A) John Rawls (C) Earnest Barker	iven by: (B) Aristotle (D) Robert Nozick			
80.	Who said that "Democracy means toler with us but of those who do not agree with (A) Jawaharlal Nehru (C) Macpherson	rance not merely of those who agree ith us"?  (B) John Dewey  (D) Earnest Barker			
81.	The main pillar of Democratic society is (A) Equality (C) Faternity	(B) Liberty (D) All of the above			
82.	Which of the following is not the merit (A) Government becomes more stable (B) Formation of Government is easier (C) It ensures a strong Government and (D) There are limited choices before the	continuity of policy			
83.	'Iron Law of oligarchy' was coined by: (A) Michels (C) Duverger	(B) Lenin (D) Sartori			
84.	Hair system of representation is also kn (A) Dual transferable voting system (B) Tertiary transferable voting system (C) Transferable voting system (D) Single transferable voting system	own as:			
ΚI	.14/P Sc Se	eries- A 9			

#### DOWNLOADED FROM : WWW.IASEXAMPORTAL.COM 85. Which one of the following is not the classification of G.A. Almond about Pressure Group? (A) Institutional (B) Anomic (C) Associational (D) Promotional 86. Bi-party system is prevalent in which of these countries? (A) Great Britain and USA (B) India and Pakistan (C) China and Russia (D) France and Germany 87. Which one of the following does not pertain to Marxism? (A) Materialistic interpretation of history (B) Class struggle (C) Laissez Faire (D) Surplus value 88. The basic element of the theory of Liberalism is: (A) Individual freedom (B) Mixed economy (C) Secularism (D) Equality 89. Who gave the concept of 'Economic Man'? (A) John Locke (B) J.S. Mill (C) Adam Smith (D) Bentham 90. Fascism give more importance to: (A) Party (B) Army (C) Nation (D) Leader 91. Which of the following is not among the five principles of Panchsheela? (A) Peaceful coexistence (B) Non-Interference (C) Aggression (D) Non Alignment 92. Who said, "Politics is the struggle of power"? (A) Marton Kaplon (B) Margenthau (C) Quincy Right (D) None of the above 93. Who was the propounder of Game theory in international politics? (A) R.C. Snyder (B) John Von newman (C) Margenthau (D) Karl Deusch 94. Who said that, "International politics is an extension of class war at the international level'? (A) Karl Deusch (B) Quincy Right (C) Karl Marx (D) Lenin 95. How many models are of International Political System according to Mortan Kaplan? (A) Six (B) Five (C) Four

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Series- A

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(D) Seven

96.	'The Centre-Periphery' model was given by:		
	(A) Paul Barn	(B) A.G. Frank	
	(C) Lipset	(D) Samir Amin	
97.	'New Murrey' conflict is among:		
	(A) India-Bhutan	(B) India-Bangladesh	
	(C) India-Pakistan	(D) India-Nepal	
98.	Whom among these leaders is not the founder of Non-Aligned Moven		
	(A) Tito	(B) Nasir	
	(C) Nehru	(D) Subhash Chandra Bose	
99.	In which of the following organisations, India is not a full member?  (A) (BIMSTEC) Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Co-operation.		
	(B) (ASEAN) Association of South East Asian Nations		
	(C) (SAARC) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation		
	(D) (IORARC) Indian Ocean Rim Association for Regional Cooperation		
100.	To strengthen the relations with neighbours country first of all after becoming the Prime (A) China (C) Bhutan	s, Mr.Narendra Modi visited which e Minister of India? (B) Pakistan (D) Nepal	