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Question Booklet Series

CODE :- 17



Time Allowed: Two Hours

Public Administration

Marks: 100

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KL-14/P.Ad

Series-A

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| 1. | Who has defined Public Administration as "the work which the government does to give effect to a law." | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| | (A) Herbert Simon | (B) Dwight Waldo | |
| | (C) F.A. Nigro | (D) Harvey Walker | |
| 2. | Who among the following first coined the term 'Bureaucracy': | | |
| | (A) Vincent de Gournay | (B) J.M. Pfiffner | |
| | (C) Max Weber | (D) F.W. Taylor | |
| 3. | Red-Tapism does not involve: | | |
| | (A) Excessive routine and paperwork | | |
| | (B) Reluctance to take decisions | | |
| | (C) Administrative agencies misusing discretionary power | | |
| | (D) Rapid application of rules | | |
| 4. | Public Administration as a science is challenged by: | | |
| | (A) Urwick | (B) Robert Dahl | |
| | (C) Gullick | (D) None of the above | |
| 5. | The Philosophical Approach to Public Administration: | | |
| | (A) Uses administrative realitie | s and acquaints the scholars with them | |
| | (B) Interprets the information pertaining to administrative agencies in chronological order | | |
| | (C) Deals with formal structure, organization, powers and functions of public authorities | | |
| | (D) Consider all facets of admin | nistrative activities | |
| 6. | "The administration is politics since it must be responsive to the public interest". This statement is given by: | | |
| | (A) Paul.H. Appleby | (B) L. Urwick | |
| | (C) F.W. taylor | (D) Henry Fayol | |
| 7. | Who has authored 'Frontiers of Public Administration'? | | |
| | (A) John Veig | (B) J.M. Gaus | |
| | (C) L.D. White | (D) F.W. Taylor | |
| 8. | Who calls Classical Principles of Administration as proverbs? | | |
| | (A) Herbert Simon | (B) A. Etizioni | |
| | (C) Chester Bernard | (D) Robert Presthus | |
| 9. | Which among the following is r (A) Formal Institutionalization | ejected by the Human Relations Theory? | |

(B) Human Motivation

(C) Informal Functioning

(D) None of the above

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Series – A

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- 10. The organisation is a formal organisation if it is:
 - (A) Duly sanctioned by competent authority
 - (B) Properly designed
 - (C) Deliberately planned
 - (D) All of the above
- 11. Which one of the following experiments was not included in the Hawthorne experiments?
 - (A) Bank Wiring Observation Room
 - (B) Relay Assembly Test Room
 - (C) Cutting Metals
 - (D) Great Illumination
- 12. The principles of Scientific Management developed by F W. Taylor did not include:
 - (A) Scientific selection and training
 - (B) Division of responsibility
 - (C) Esprit de corps
 - (D) Mental revolution
- 13. According to Herbert. A. Simon 'Satisficing' refers to satisfaction, that is:

| (A) Subjective | (B) Good enough |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| (C) Client-oriented | (D) Objective |

- 14. The numbers and range of habitual contacts between superior and subordinate is called as: (B) Span of control (A) Delegation (D) Division of work
 - (C) Decentralization
- 15. Which of the following committee conduct the examination of Appropriated Accounts? (A) Estimates Committee
 - (B) Public Accounts Committee
 - (C) Committee on Subordinate Legislation
 - (D) Committee on Public Undertakings
- 16. Riggs has identified all of the following as trends prominent in Comparative Public Administration except?
 - (A) Legal-formal to behavioural
 - (C) Ideographic to nomothetic
- (B) Normative to empirical
- (D) Non-ecological to ecological

17. The economy cut-motion seeks to reduce the proposed expenditure of a demand for grant by: (A) Rupees one hundred (B) Rupee one

(C) Rupee one lakh

- (D) A specified amount
- 18. Interview helps in assessing a candidate's: (A) Intellectual ability
 - (C) Expressions

- (B) General knowledge (D) Personal qualities
- 19. Which one of the following Act laid the foundation of the British Administration in India? (A) The Regulating Act, 1773 (B) Pitt's India Act, 1784 (D) Indian Councils Act, 1892 (C) Indian Councils Act, 1861

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Series – A

20. Which one of the following is the function of the Finance Commission?

- (A) Preparation of the Central Budget
- (B) Assessing income tax proceeds

(C) Determining the principles governing grants-in-aid to States

(D) Exercising control over Government expenditure

21. Jawahar Gram Samridhi Yojana (JGSY) is implemented entirely at the level of:

(A) District Panchayat

(B) Intermediate Panchayat

(C) Village Panchayat

- (D) Nagar Panchayat
- 22. Deficit financing is resorted to by the Government:
 - (A) To increase the budget allocation for different ministries
 - (B) To meet the gap between the revenue and expenditure budgets
 - (C) To increase government expenditure on specific items
 - (D) To pay the salaries of government employees

23. The main role of specialized staff is:

- (A) Collection of data and its analysis
- (B) Looking after personnel administration
- (C) Maintenance of diary of different engagements of line officials
- (D) Functions directly contributing to goal achievement
- 24. Who appoints the chairman of Public Accounts Committee?
 - (A) President of India

- (B) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (C) Prime Minister of India
- (D) Minister for Parliamentary Affairs
- 25. The adjournment motion is use to:
 - (A) Propose a reduction in the budget
 - (B) Seek the approval of the house on a proposal
 - (C) Draw the attention of the house to a matter of urgent public importance
 - (D) Seek the leave of the house to introduce a government bill
- 26. Which of the following committee/ commission has strongly suggested that a Public Service Commission to be set up in India without delay? (B) Aitcheson Commission (A) Northcote -Trevelyan Committee
 - (C) Islington Commission
- (D) Lee Commission
- 27. The concept of 'level jumping' is given by: (A) Henri Fayol (C) V A Graicunas
- (B) F.W. Taylor (D) Luther Gulick
- 28. The acronym POSDCoRB includes: (A) Communicating (C) Coercion

(B) Cooperation (D) None of the above

29. Which Article of the Indian Constitution provides for the set up of the Contingency Fund of India? (B) Article 266 (A) Article 266 (1) (D) Article 265 (C) Article 267

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Series – A

30. The concept of Federal Scheme of Government has come out of: (A) Morley-Minto Reforms, 1909 (B) Government of India Act, 1935 (C) Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms, 1919 (D) Indian Councils Act, 1861 31. Who described the Panchayats as "Little Republics"? (A) Lord Wellesley (B) Lord Ripon (C) Lord Hob House (D) Mahatma Gandhi 32. 'The Recruitment is a process of searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for the jobs in the organisation.' This definition of Recruitment has been given by: (A) Paul Appleby (B) Edwin B. Flippo (C) Nigro (D) L D White 33. Which of the following is a 'Maharatna' company? (A) Oil India Limited (B) Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Limited (C) Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited (D) Hindustan Aeronautics Limited 34. Expectancy theory of motivation is given by: (A) Herzberg (B) Victor H Vroom (C) Maslow (D) McGregor 35. The Contingency theory of Leadership is propounded by: (A) Fred Fiedler (B) Robert House Stogdill (C) Keith Davis (D) Amatai Etzion 36. The Commission on Official Language is created under which Article of Constitution of India? (A) Article 280 (B) Article 340 (C) Article 324 (D) Article 344 37. Employee Centered Leadership does not: (A) Earn and get the confidence of the subordinates (B) Exercise close and detailed supervision (C) Help subordinates when mistakes and problems occur (D) None of the above 38. The three types of leadership as distinguished by Mary Parker Follet are: (A) Leadership of Position, Personality and Function (B) Leadership of Position, Expertise and Personality (C) Leadership of Expertise, Personality and Situation (D) Leadership of Personality, Function and Situation 39. To resolve the problems of employer- employee relations, the concept of Staff Council was advocated by: (A) Whitley Committee (B) Tomlin Commission (C) Masterman Committee (D) Priestley Commission KL14/P. Ad. Series – A 4

40. The duties of Comptroller and Auditor General of India include: (A) Audit of Central Government Accounts (B) Audit of State Government Accounts (C) Audit of any other authority or body as may be prescribed by or under any law made by Parliament (D) All of the above 41. The concept of Hygiene factors is given by: (B) Henry Fayol (A) F.W. Taylor (D) Fredrick Herzberg (C) Chester Bernard 42. The Equal Employment Opportunities Commission exists in: (B) UK (A) France (D) Switzerland (C) USA 43. Which of the following is the dominant role played by Public Administration in a developing country like India? (B) Socio-economic Reconstruction (A) Revenue Mobilisation (C) Participative Management (D) Law and Order 44. The unit of revenue hierarchy that has been carried forward from Mughal Administration is: (C) Pargana (D) Circle (A) Firka (B) Taluk 5 45. The Board of Revenue was first set up in 1786 at: (C) Madras (D) Bombay (A) Bengal (B) Surat 46. The Article of the Constitution of India that empowers Parliament to create an All India Service is: (D) Article 301 (B) Article 320 (C) Article 312 (A) Article 300 47. The 74th Constitutional Amendment Act provided for the creation of: (B) Housing Boards (A) Nagar Panchayats (C) Improvement Trusts (D) All of the above 48. Among the following, who is not associated with the Development Administration? (B) J. Montgomery (A) F.W. Riggs (D) R. Braibanti (C) Herbert Simon 49. Which of the following recommended the introduction of Desk Officer System? (B) Administrative Reforms Commission (A) A.D. Gorwala Report (D) Estimates Committee (Third Lok Sabha) (C) Ayyanger Committee 50. In the Weberian Model of Bureaucracy, the civil servants are not expected to be: (C) Committed (D) Annonymous (B) Neutral (A) Impartial 51. The committee that does not exercise Parliamentary control over administration is: (B) The Rules Committee (A) The Estimates Committee (D) The Committee on Public Undertakings (C) The Public Accounts Committee 52. Commune is the unit of local government in: (D) India (C) France (B) USA (A) UK5 Series – A KL14/P. Ad.

Γ___

| 53. Janpad Panchayat exists in which of the follow | - | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| (A) Karnataka (C) Gujrat | (B) Madhya Pradesh (D) Haryana | | | | |
| 54. Which of the following is the correct sequence of stages in decision-making, as identified by Herbert | | | | | |
| Simon? (A) Design activity-Choice activity-Intelligence activity | | | | | |
| (B) Intelligence activity-Design activity-Choice activity | | | | | |
| | (C) Choice activity-Design activity-Intelligence activity | | | | |
| (D) Intelligence activity-Choice activity-Design activity | | | | | |
| 55. Charles Lindblom has advocated: | | | | | |
| (A) Mixed-scanning model | (B) Incremental model | | | | |
| (C) Economic rationality model | (D) Bounded rationality model | | | | |
| 56. The correct order of the steps in the position cl | assification plan is: | | | | |
| (A) Job analysis-Grouping of positions-St | | | | | |
| (B) Standardization-Job analysis-Grouping | | | | | |
| (C) Grouping of positions-Job analysis-Po | | | | | |
| (D) Job analysis-Grouping of positions-Pc | sition allocation-Standardization | | | | |
| 57. The provision of 'workers' participation in the | 7. The provision of 'workers' participation in the management of undertakings is given in which Article | | | | |
| of the Constitution of India? | | | | | |
| (A) Article 42 | (B) Article 42 A | | | | |
| (C) Article 43 | (D) Article 43 A | | | | |
| 58. The decisions of the Council of Ministers are b Constitutional Amendment Act/Acts? | 8. The decisions of the Council of Ministers are binding on the President of India under which of the Constitutional Amendment Act/Acts? | | | | |
| (A) 42nd and 44th Amendment Acts | (B) 43rd Amendment Act | | | | |
| (C) 40th Amendment Act only | (D) 40th and 41st Amendment Acts | | | | |
| 59. An interesting and practical method of training | for disposal of paper work is: | | | | |
| (A) In basket method | (B) Syndicate method | | | | |
| (C) T group method | (D) Role play | | | | |
| 60. Duration of Municipalities comes under which | Article as per the 74th Constitutional Amendment Act: | | | | |
| (A) Article 243T | (B) Article 243Q | | | | |
| (C) Article 243U | (D) Article 243Y | | | | |
| 61. International Institute for Population Sciences | is located at: | | | | |
| (A) Hyderabad | (B) Ahmedabad | | | | |
| (C) New Delhi | (D) Mumbai | | | | |
| 62. A 'Shadow Cabinet' is: | | | | | |
| (A) A group of members of the ruling party | | | | | |
| (B) A group of prominent members of the parliamentary opposition who are expected to hold positions | | | | | |
| in the cabinet when their party assumes power. | | | | | |
| | (C) A team of intellectuals who advise the Cabinet | | | | |
| (D) A Cabinet Committee that functions under | (D) A Cabinet Committee that functions under the guidance of the Cabinet | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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| | ies – A 6 | | | | |

63. The Chief Information Commissioner holds the office for a period of:

- (A) 6 years or till he attains the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier
- (B) 5 years or till he attains the age of 65 years, whichever is earlier
- (C) 4 years or till he attains the age of 62 years, whichever is earlier
- (D) 6 years or till he attains the age of 62 years, whichever is earlier
- 64. Article 16 of the Indian Constitution provides reservation in Civil Services of Other Backward Classes in order to ensure:
 - (A) Equality of all castes
 - (B) Representation as per the community population
 - (C) Security of backward classes
 - (D) Equality of opportunity in public employment
- 65. All of the following are sources of income of Panchayats except:
 - (B) Professional tax
 - (A) Matching grants (C) House tax

- (D) Donations and involuntary contributions
- 66. The four P's propounded by Luther Gullick are:
 - (A) Purpose, process, programmes, persons
 - (B) Purpose, project, process, place
 - (C) Project, process, people, place
 - (D) Purpose, process, persons, place

67. The primary function of the National Development Council is:

- (A) To effect cooperation of efforts between the Union Executive and the parliament
- (B) To achieve the targets of the plans and to promote administrative efficiency
- (C) To effect coordination of plan efforts among the Union Government, the Planning Commission and the State Governments
- (D) To effect coordination of efforts between the Union state Political Executive and the Bureaucracy

68. The following method that systematizes and simplifies personnel administration is:

| (A) Coordination | (B) Classification |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| | $(\mathbf{D}) \mathbf{D}$ |

- (D) Recruitment (C) Appointment
- 69. The receipts and expenditure of which of the following is not audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India?

| (A) Government companies | (B) Municipal undertakings |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| (C) C + 1 Comment | (D) State Governments |

- (C) Central Government
- (D) State Governments
- 70. The employees learn by doing the work and acquire administrative skills through practice in: (B) Orientation training (A) Formal training (D) Pre entry training (C) Informal training
- 71. The Broader definition of Public Administration is given by: (D) All of the above (B) L.D. White (C) Thompson (A) Smith
- 72. The need for sound recruitment policy was first realized centuries ago by: (C) Sweden (D) Britain (B) China (A) Prussia

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Series – A

| 73. A Money Bill can originate:(A) Only in the Lok Sabha(C) In both the houses simultaneously | (B) Only in the Rajya Sabha(D) Joint sitting of both the houses |
|---|--|
| 74. The post of Civil Judge is created by:(A) Lord Cornwallis(C) Lord Rippon | (B) Warren Hastings(D) Lord Wellesley |
| 75. Which one of the following means a command?(A) Certiorari(C) Quo Warranto | (B) Mandamus(D) Prohibition |
| 76. Who can refuse to allow a question to be raised in the Question hour?(A) The Leader of the House | ne Lower House of the Parliament during the (B) The Speaker of the Lower House |
| (C) The Prime Minister | (D) The President |
| 77. The process of reforms in society, economy and pol (A) Perestroika and Glasnost (C) Presidium 78. Which country allows the civil servants to participat well? | (B) Supreme Soviet(D) None of the above |
| (A) USA (B) USSR | (C) France (D) UK |
| 79. The Planning Commission was set up in 1950 by: (A) Act of Parliament (C) Cabinet resolution 80. In the Constitution of India, economic and social pla (A) Union List of the VII Schedule (C) Concurrent list of the VII Schedule | (B) Presidential Ordinance (D) Constitutional Amendment nning is included in the: (B) State List of the VII Schedule (D) None of the above |
| | |
| 81. The committee that scrutinizes and reports to the Parregulations conferred by the Constitution or Statute authority is: (A) Committee on Government Assurances (B) Committee on Subordinate Legislation (C) Rules Committee | liament whether the power to make rules and s is being properly exercised by the delegated |
| (D) General Purposes Committee | |

82. According to the Managerial view of administration:

- (A) Administration is not doing things but getting things done
- (B) Every particular application of law is an act of getting things done
- (C) Public administration is directed by the chief executive as the general manager
- (D) Public administration is concerned with the ends of the state

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Series – A

| | 83. The Public Administration and Private | B. The Public Administration and Private Administration differs with respect to: | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | (A) Different environments | | | |
| | (B) Account-keeping and audit | | | |
| | (C) Organizational structure | | | |
| | (D) Techniques of management | | | |
| | 84. The informal communication system in | the organisation is referred as: | | |
| • | (A) Proper channel | (B) Close circuit | | |
| | (C) Grapevine | (D) Circular | | |
| | 85. In the context of Maslow's Need theory | which of the following statement is correct? | | |
| | (A) Security needs to be fulfilled before | e Physiological needs | | |
| | (B) Esteem needs to be fulfilled before | Self Actualization needs | | |
| | (C) A person can move to higher needs | without satisfying lower level needs | | |
| | (D) All of the above | | | |
| | 86. All-India Services include: | | | |
| | (A) Indian Administrative Service | | | |
| | (B) Indian Forest Service | | | |
| | (C) Indian Police Service | | | |
| | (D) All of the above | | | |
| | 87. Tax levied by Union but distributed betw | 87. Tax levied by Union but distributed between the Union and the State is: | | |
| | (A) Sales tax | (B) Excise tax | | |
| | (C) Income tax | (D) Road tax | | |
| | 88. The Scientific Management is not conce | 3. The Scientific Management is not concerned with: | | |
| | (A) Production | (B) Efficiency | | |
| | (C) Mechanistic methods | (D) Rationality | | |
| | 89. Max Weber has preferred: | | | |
| | (A) Traditional Authority | (B) Charismatic Authority | | |
| | (C) Legal Rational Authority | (D) Official Authority | | |
| 90. An issue that involves the resolution of a factual dispute or controversy and is within the sphere of decisions to be made by a jury: | | factual dispute or controversy and is within the sphere of the | | |
| | a fully. | | | |
| | (A) Error of law | (B) Error of fact finding | | |
| | (C) Abuse of power | (D) Error of authority | | |
| | 91. The doctrine of 'Rule of Law' is given by | /: | | |
| | (A) L.D. White | (B) A.V. Dicey | | |
| | (C) Robert Presthus | (D) Max Weber | | |
| | 2. Administrative provisions pertaining to the Tribal areas in the state of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram comes under which Selected to Select a state of the state of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and | | | |
| Mizoram comes under which Schedule of the Indian Constitution? | | of the Indian Constitution? | | |
| | (A) Second schedule | (B) Fifth schedule | | |
| | (C) Sixth schedule | (D) Seventh schedule | | |
| | | | | |

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Series – A

93. One who tells a supervisor anything negative about an associate is called as: (A) Inspector (B) Squealer (C) Rate-buster

94. The President of USA:

- (A) Can convene the ordinary session of the Senate.
- (B) Cannot convene the ordinary session of the Congress.
- (C) Cannot convene the special session of the Congress.
- (D) Can convene the special session of the Congress.

95. Which one of the following is not the criticism of Riggs Agraria-Transitia-Industria Model?

- (A) It is too rigid focusing only on the underdeveloped and developed countries.
- (B) It assumes a unidirectional movement from an Agraria stage to an Industria stage.
- (C) It stresses upon the environment of the administrative system but not on the administrative system per se.
- (D) None of the above

96. The President of India must be:

(A) The Member of Lok Sabha

- (C) The Member of Legislative Assembly
- (B) The Member of Parliament

- 97. The relation between the specialists and generalists is dealt by: (A) Haldane Committee Report
 - (C) Fulton Committee Report
- (B) Santhanam Committee Report

(D) None of the above

(D) Kothari Commission Report

98. An operating, planning and budgeting process which requires each manager to justify his entire budget request in detail from scratch is:

(A) Zero Based budgeting

(B) Sunset Legislation (C) Performance Budgeting (D) Line Item budgeting

99. The 'Bazaar-Canteen model' represents:

- (A) Marketization in new public management
- (B) Economic sub-system of prismatic society
- (C) Financial system of fused authority

(D) Economic freedom under public-private partnership

100. Which one of the following is not an assumption of Theory Y of motivation?

- (A) People will exercise self-direction if they are committed to the objectives.
- (B) People learn to accept and seek responsibility.
- (C) Commitment to objectives is a function of the rewards associated with their achievement.

(D) People work better when they are put under pressure.

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(D) Chiseller