CHAPTER - 5 THE MARATHAS

Shivaji

- 1. Shivaji belonged to Bhonsle Clan.
- 2. Guru Ramdas was his political Guru.
- 3. His coronation was held at Raigarh in 1674. His kingdom was called Swaraj.
- 4. He adoped the titles of Chhatrapati, Haindava Dharmodharak & Kshatriya Kulavatamsa.
- 5. He had confrontation with Afzal Khan of Bijapur in 1659.
- 6. He also had confrontation with Shayista Khan in 1660.
- 7. He sacked Surat in 1664 again in 1670.
- 8. Died in 1680.

The Ashtapradhan

Peshwa / Mukhiya Pradhan	Prime Minister, G e n e r a l administration both civil and military.
Sar-i-Naubat	Chief of armed forces
Majumdar/ Amatya	Finance, Revenue, Accounts
Sachiv/Surunavis/Chitnis	Royal Corres- pondence
Dabir/Sumant	Foreign Affiars/ Royal ceremo- nies
Mantri/Waqla-Nawis/Wakins	Incharge of records, intelligence and looked after king's private affairs.
Nayayadhish	Justice
Pandit Rao	Religious affairs and Charities

THE PESHAWAS

1.	Balaji Viswanath	1713-20
2.	Baji Rao I	1720-40
3.	Balaji Baji Rao	1740-61
4.	Mahadev Rao	1761-72
5 .	Narayan Rao	1772-73
6.	Swami Madhav Rao	1773-95
7.	Baji Rao Ji	1795-1818

Maratha Families and Their Headquarters

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1	. •	Pashwa	Poona
2	2.	Scindia	Gwalior (Initially Ujjain)
3	3.	Gaekwad	Baroda
4	ŀ.	Bhonsle	Nagpur
5	5.	Holker	Indore
6	3 .	Pawar	Dhar

Other Facts on Marathas

Swarajya	Shivaji's Kingdom
Raj Vyavahar Kosh	Sanskrit diction- ary compiled at the instance of Shivaji
Chautai/Chauth	The levy on the neighbouring territories which was ¼ of the land revenue.
Haindava Dharmoddharak	Title assumed by Shivaji which meant 'Protector of the Hindu Faith'
Bakhar	Shivaji's Bio- graphy by Sabhasad written in 1677
Mirasis	Resident owner cultivator
Watandars	Local landed elements



Ashtapradhan	Council of eight ministers
Chitnis	Secretary
Mauza	Lowest unit of the country
Tarfs	Second lowest unit of the country
Prants	Provinces
Deshmukh	Equivalent to chaudhuris (village headman) of North India and desais of Gujarat.
Kamavisdar	Subedar of small provinces under the Peshwas
Mamlatdar	Subedar of bigger provinces under the Peshwas
Watan	Hereditary land holdings
Mirasdars	Petty zamindars
Moksha Mahal	Land grants
Saranjam	Land grants
Sardeshmukhi	1/10 of produce taken by Shivaji being Sardesh- mukh, head of Deshmukhs.

Maratha Confederacy

Balaji Viswanath

- 1. The first Peshwa, in 1713.
- 2. Induced Zulfiquar Khan to pay Chauth and Sardeshmukhi of Deccan.
- 3. Helped the Sayyid brothers to overthrow Farruksiyar
- 4. Introduced Saranjami System

Baji Rao I

- 1. The greatest exponent of Guerrilla tactics after Shivaji
- 2. Worsted Nizam-ul-Mulk twice.
- 3. Compaigned against the Portuguese-captured Salsette & Bassein
- 4. Compaigned against the Sidis of Janjira

5. Propounded concept of Hindu Pad Padshahi, Real architect of Maratha Empire.

Balaji Baji Rao (Nana Sahib)

- 1. Maratha families came into prominence.
- 2. By the will of the king Shahu the Peshwa became the official head.
- 3. Capital was shifted to Poona from Satara.
- 4. Invaded Bengal repeatedly gained Orissa.
- 5. Helped Imad-ul-mulk to become Wazir.
- 6. Invasion of Ahmed Shah Abdali Battle of Panipat 1761 – the nominal head of the Maratha army was Viswas Rao and the actual commander was Sadasiva Rao Bhao (killed in the battle). Artillery was under the command of Ibrahim Gardi.

Madhav Rao

- 1. Defeated Haider Ali.
- 2. Brought back the Mughal Emperor Shah who became their Pensioner.

Narayan Rao

- 1. Conflict for power with Raghunath Rao.
- 2. Raghunath Rao tried to capture power with the Brithish help.
- 3. First Anglo-Maratha war.

Baji Rao II

- 1. Son of Raghunath Rao.
- 2. Mahadji Schindia rose to prominence. He established control over Shah Alam and secured the appointment of Peshwas as the emperor's deputy.

Travellers During Medieval India

Travellers	Rulers
Nicolo (1420-21 AD)	Devaraya I
Abdur Razzaq (1443-44 AD)	Devaraya II
Nikitin (1470-74)	Firoz Shah Bahamani
Bardosa (1500-16 AD)	Krishnadevaraya
Paes (1520-22 AD)	Krishnadevaraya
Nuniz (1535-37 AD)	Achyutdevaraya
Caeser Fredrick (1567-68 AD)	Visited Vijay- nagara after the battle of Talikota.

