

(Exam Paper) UPSC IAS Mains 2009: History

Paper- I

Section - A

- 1. Mark any ffiftten of the following places on the map supplied to you and write short descriptive notes on these places marked by you:
- (i) Koldihwa
- (ii) Kuchai
- (iii) Utnur
- (iv) Patne
- (v) Semthan
- (vi) Bagasra
- (vii) Balathal
- (viii) Hallur
- (ix) Kandahar
- (x) Ter
- (xi) Uchh
- (xii) Gyaraspur
- (xiii) Uttaramerur
- (xiv) Lalkot
- (xv) Sittanavasal
- (xvi) Mansura
- (xvii) Jaunpur
- (xviii) Daojali Hading
- (xix) Machilipatnam
- (xx) Mahisadal

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- 2. In what ways are the accounts of the GraecoRomans and the Chinese helpful in reconstructing the social history of India? How far is their information corroborated by other contemporary sources?
- 3. (a) Evaluate the various approaches to the understanding of Vedic religion.
- (b) Give an account of the use of gold coins by commoners in the Gupta period.
- 4. Bring out the regional variations in the early South Indian temples' architectural styles.

Section - B

- 5. Write short essays in not more than 200 words each on any three of the following
- (a) Applicability of the term 'Indian Feudalism' to early Medieval society
- (b) Muhammad Tughluq as an agrarian innovator
- (c) Implications of Akbar s notion of Sulh- i Kul
- (d) Estimates of population of Mughal India
- 6. (a) How far can the village assemblies or communities under the Cholas be really called democratic?
- (b) Assess Kalhana's views on history.
- 7. (a) Identify the main factors that sustained the expansion of urban economy in the Delhi Sultanate.
- (b) Give an estimate of Akbar as a promoter of technology.
- 8. (a) Give a critical assessment of the contributions of Amir Khusrau and Barani to Indo -Persian literature.
- (b) "The major causes of revolts against the Mughal Empire during the latter half of the 17th century were economic, rather than religious." Discuss.

Paper- II

Section - A (Modern India)

- 1. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
- (a) "Though the Permanent Settlement had serious defects, it gave tranquillity to the countryside and stability to the government."
- (b) "The Arya Samaj may quite logically be pronounced as the outcome of conditions imported into India by the west." (Lala Lajpat Rai)
- (c) "Please remember, in granting separate electorates we are sowing the dragon's teeth and the harvest will be bitter." (Morley)
- (d) "The annexation of Awadh shook the loyalty of the Sepoys, as it was for them an ultimate proof of untrustworthiness of the British."
- 2. (a) Why was Mysore-considered a threat by the British to their possessions and mercantile interests in the south. Do you think that Tipu Sultan's posturing became his undoing?
- (b) How did the East Indian Company become the dejure power in India?

- 3. (a) How did social legislation in the nineteenth century improve the condition of women in India?
- (b) Analyse the social composition of the early Congress leadership.
- 4. (a) Discuss as to why the Congress accepted the partition of India in 1947.
- (b) Do you think that the Quit India movement was a Spontaneous Revolution?

Section - B (World History)

- 5. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
- (a) "The capitalism which gave the European empires their apparent solidarity and permanence also hastened their downfall."
- (b) "In all the long annals of Imperialism, the partition of Africa is a remarkable freak."
- (c) "Hitler did not really want a world war. His intention was only a short war with Poland." (A. J. P. Taylor)
- (d) "Arab nationalism and oil there were the principal factors in complicating the relations of middle eastern countries with the outside world."
- 6. (a) Discuss the emergence of neo-imperialism in the late nineteenth century.
- (b) What was the extent of industrialization in Western Europe by the end of the nineteenth century?
- 7. (a) How did Napoleon Bonaparte fuse the old France with the new?
- (b) Why did Vietnam go through thirty years of war after the second world war?
- 8. (a) Account for the overthrow of the Tsarist regime in Russia.
- (b) Examine the peace keeping efforts of the United Nations Organization.



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