Mining, Mechanical & Drilling Engineering,

<u>CBRT – 17th December 2017 (FN) 9.30-11.30 AM</u>

- 1. Throttling curve in a centrifugal pump running at constant speed represents the relationship between:
 - (a) Power and flow rate
 - (b) Efficiency and flow rate
 - (c) Head and flow rate
 - (d) Efficiency and net suction positive head
- 2. Consider the following statements regarding the stability of bodies in a fluid medium:
 - 1. The stability of a submerged body requires that the centre of gravity lies below the centre of buoyancy
 - 2. To improve the stability of a floating body by increasing the bottom width and reducing the draft
 - 3. For stability of a floating body, the metacentre should be above the centre of buoyancy but below the centre of gravity

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only

- 3. How does the angle of attack effect lift and drag?
 - (a) Increasing the angle of attack can decrease the lift, but it also increases drag so that less thrust required
 - (b) Increasing the angle of attack can increase the lift, but it also increases drag so that less thrust required
 - (c) Increasing the angle of attack can increase the lift, but it also increases drag so that more thrust required
 - (d) Increasing the angle of attack can decrease the lift, but it also increases drag so that more thrust required
- 4. A stone weighs 392.4 *N* in air and 196.2 *N* when fully submerged in water. The volume of the stone is:
 - (a) $1 \times 10^4 \ cm^3$
 - (b) $2 \times 10^4 \ cm^3$
 - (c) $3 \times 10^4 \ cm^3$
 - (d) $4 \times 10^4 \ cm^3$
- 5. Diving equipment has been designed to withstand an absolute pressure of 5 standard atmosphere in water. The depth a driver can safely descend with this equipment, expressed in terms of atmospheric pressure and γ the specific density of the water is:

(a)
$$\frac{2 \ atm}{\gamma}$$

(b) $\frac{3 \ atm}{\gamma}$
(c) $\frac{4 \ atm}{\gamma}$
(d) $\frac{5 \ atm}{\gamma}$

6. A cylindrical body of diameter D, height H and specific gravity S_b is floating in a liquid of specific gravity S_l . The wetted height of the cylinder for stable equilibrium in the liquid is:

(a)
$$D\left(\frac{S_b}{S_l}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(b) $H\left(\frac{S_b}{S_l}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(c) $D\left(\frac{S_b}{S_l}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
(d) $H\left(\frac{S_b}{S_l}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

- 7. The parallel coupling of a Hookean Model and a Newtonian Model makes a Rheological Model of:
 - (a) Kelvin
 - (b) Burger
 - (c) Bingham
 - (d) Maxwell

- 8. The Froude number, *F*, is designed by $F = \frac{V}{\sqrt{gD}}$, where, *g* is gravitational acceleration, *V* is the one-dimensional mean velocity of flow and *D* is:
 - 1. Depth of flow,
 - 2. Hydraulic mean depth of channel geometry

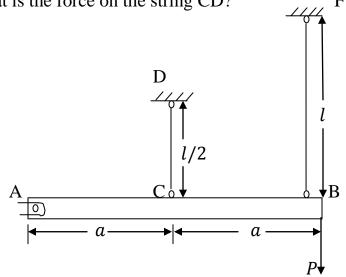
- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 9. Consider the following statements:
 - 1. Viscous effects in the near-boundary flow can be neglected under large Reynolds numbers
 - 2. Creeping flow is a stokes flow when Reynolds number is less than 1

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 10. For laminar flow through a pipe, the shear stress over the cross-section varies:
 - (a) Inversely as the distance from the centre of the pipe
 - (b) Directly as the distance from the surface of the pipe
 - (c) Directly as the distance from the centre of the pipe
 - (d) Inversely as the distance from the surface of the pipe
- 11. A ladder is resting on a smooth ground and is leaning against a rough vertical wall. The frictional force will act:
 - (a) Upwards at its upper end
 - (b) Towards the wall at its upper end
 - (c) Away from the wall at its upper end
 - (d) Downwards at its upper end
- 12. When a body is in equilibrium under the action of coplanar concurrent forces, the algebraic sum of:
 - 1. All forces acting on the body is zero
 - 2. Moments of forces about any fixed point is non-zero
 - 3. Moments of forces about any fixed point is zero
 - 4. All forces acting on the body is non-zero

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 4 only

- 13. Creep of rock at the maximum expected pressure should be measured by keeping the pressure constant for:
 - (a) 2-3 hours
 - (b) 2-3 months
 - (c) 2-3 minutes
 - (d) 2-3 days
- 14. A rigid bar AB is held by two strings of steel of same area as shown in the figure. What is the force on the string CD?



(a)
$$P$$

(b) $\frac{2 P}{3}$
(c) $\frac{P}{2}$
(d) 0

- 15. A solid circular shaft of radius r and length l is fixed at one end and free at the other end. A torque T is applied at the free end. The shear modulus of the material is G. The angle of twist at the free end is:
 - (a) $\frac{8 T L}{\pi G r^4}$ (b) $\frac{4 T L}{\pi G r^4}$ (c) $\frac{2 T L}{\pi G r^4}$ (d) $\frac{T L}{\pi G r^4}$
- 16. An I section of depth 100 mm has an area of 1000 mm^2 . A plate of $100 \text{ mm} \times 5 \text{ mm}$ is then welded to the top flange of this beam. This composite section is used as a simply supported beam. What will be the ratio of the maximum tensile stress to the maximum compressive stresses on this composite section under pure bending of beam?
 - (a) 1.22
 - (b) 1.30
 - (c) 1.41
 - (d) 1.59

- 17. Shear centre refers to:
 - 1. The point through which loading should pass such that there is only bending and no twisting
 - 2. It is the point through which resultant shear stress passes

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Neither 1 nor 2
- (d) Both 1 and 2

- 18. In Bord and Pillar panels worked in conjunction with hydraulic stowing, line of extraction preferred is:
 - (a) Steep diagonal
 - (b) Step diagonal
 - (c) Straight line
 - (d) Diagonal

- 19. In a two-dimensional system, the maximum principal stress is tensile, being $\sigma_1 = 190 N/mm^2$ and the minimum principal stress σ_2 is compressive. The yield stress, in simple tension and simple compression is $\sigma_y = 250 N/mm^2$. Poisson's ratio $\mu = 0.25$. What is value of σ_2 for which the yielding would commence in the material?
 - (a) $250 N/mm^2$
 - (b) $220.5 N/mm^2$
 - (c) $205 N/mm^2$
 - (d) $202.5 N/mm^2$
- 20. Consider the following statements with reference to built-up-edge on a cutting tool while machining:
 - 1. It increases the frictional resistance
 - 2. It causes increased power consumption
 - 3. It results in poor surface finish

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only

- 21. For the measurement of a fore bearing and back bearing of a traverse, the bearing of a line is defined as the angle made by the line with:
 - (a) Full reference direction and measured in clockwise direction
 - (b) Zero reference direction and measured in clockwise direction
 - (c) Zero reference direction and measured in anticlockwise direction
 - (d) Full reference direction and measured in anticlockwise direction
- 22. The welding process in which molten metal flows into the mould, melts the parts, and forms the joint on solidifying, is known as:
 - (a) Fusion welding
 - (b) Thermit welding
 - (c) Fission welding
 - (d) Gas welding
- 23. The maximum possible draft in a rolling operation depends on:
 - 1. Coefficient of friction between roll and work
 - 2. Roll diameter

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2



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- 24. A dummy block is used between the ram and the metal in:
 - 1. Direct extrusion
 - 2. Indirect extrusion
 - 3. Impact extrusion

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 3 only

- 25. Which one of the following is the correct sequence of operation in production, planning and control?
 - (a) Routing, scheduling, dispatching and follow-up
 - (b) Scheduling, routing, dispatching and follow-up
 - (c) Routing, dispatching, scheduling and follow-up
 - (d) Scheduling, dispatching, routing and follow-up

- 26. Consider the following statements with reference to the process of design of 'Limit Gauges':
 - 1. Wear allowance of 5 % of work tolerance is given to the 'Go' Gauges
 - 2. To prolong the service of the 'Go' Gauge, wear allowance is provided during design of Gauges
 - 3. All the Limit Gauges are designed considering only the wear allowance
 - 4. Design of Limit Gauge must consider only the manufacturing tolerance

- (a) 1 and 4 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 3 and 4 only

- 27. If in a machining operation doubling the cutting speed reduces the tool life to $\frac{1}{o}$ th of the original value, then the exponent '*n*' reduces to:
 - (a) $\frac{1}{8}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{1}{2}$

- 28. A workpiece of diameter 300 mm and length 600 mm is to be turned. With a feed of 1.2 mm/rev, cutting speed of 162 m/min, and maximum allowable depth of 4.5 mm, the material removal rate is nearly:
 - (a) $80.4 \times 10^4 \ mm^3/min$
 - (b) $87.5 \times 10^4 \, mm^3/min$
 - (c) $90.2 \times 10^4 \ mm^3/min$
 - (d) $95.2 \times 10^4 \ mm^3/min$
- 29. Consider the following characteristics of a core:
 - 1. Refractoriness
 - 2. Permeability
 - 3. Collapsibility
 - 4. Strength

Which of the above characteristics of a core are correct for effective performance?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 30. In the context of Field Astronomy, the Co-latitude of the relevant pole is the angular distance from:
 - (a) Zenith to Pole
 - (b) Zenith to Azimuth
 - (c) Zenith to Nadir
 - (d) Prime vertical to zenith

- 31. The boundary of a mine is plotted on a scale of 1 : 2000. If a planimeter measures the plotted area as 60 cm^2 , the actual mine area is
 - (a) 24000 m^2
 - (b) $12000 m^2$
 - (c) $2400 m^2$
 - (d) $1200 m^2$
- 32. What is the distance (to nearest km) between two given points *A* and *B* along the 28° 42′ *N* parallel of latitude? (Take cos 28° 42′ = 0.8763)
 - 1. Longitude of A, $31^{\circ} 12' W$
 - 2. Longitude of *B*, $47^{\circ} 24' W$
 - (a) 1577*km*
 - (b) 1451 *km*
 - (c) 1270 km
 - (d) 1053 km
- 33. The length of a line measured with a 20 *m* chain was found to be 250 *m*. If the length of the chain is increased by 10 *cm*, what is the true length of the line?
 - (a) 265.50 *m*
 - (b) 261.25 *m*
 - (c) 255.50 *m*
 - (d) 251.25 m

- 34. Which one of the following combination is called a 'Total Station'?
 - (a) Electronic Theodolite + Electronic Distance Meter (*EDM*)
 - (b) Electronic level + Electronic Distance Meter (*EDM*)
 - (c) Electronic level + Tellurometer
 - (d) Tellurometer + Electronic Distance Meter (*EDM*)
- 35. What is the approximate net present value of *Rs*. 900 at the end of 5 *years* at 10 % discount rate?
 - (a) *Rs*. 508
 - (b) *Rs*. 559
 - (c) *Rs*. 604
 - (d) *Rs*.614
- 36. In aerial photography, 'Rectification' is the process of rephotographing an aerial photograph to eliminate:
 - 1. Tilt
 - 2. Parallax error
 - 3. Area error
 - 4. Elevation difference

Which of the above are correct?

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 4 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 4 only

- 37. The value of metal recovered out of an ore at a site is Rs.210/kg; and recovery of metal is 80%, by process of open pit mining. The production cost of mining inclusive of processing, but exclusive of overburden stripping, is Rs.2000/tonne. The overburden stripping cost is $Rs.150/m^3$ and the averaged stripping needed is $3.5 m^3/tonne$. The cut-off grade of the ore is nearly:
 - (a) 1.7 %
 - (b) 1.6 %
 - (c) 1.5 %
 - (d) 1.4 %
- 38. In respect of a photo theodolite, used in photogrammetric surveying, the 'Principal Plane' is perpendicular to the:
 - 1. Picture plane
 - 2. Camera plate
 - 3. Fiducial trace
 - 4. Focal length

Which of the above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1 and 4 only

- 39. When the airways are joined in parallel, the pressure drop across all of them is:
 - (a) Different
 - (b) The sum of pressure drops across each of them
 - (c) Same
 - (d) Zero
- 40. The scale of an aerial photograph is 1 cm = 100 m. The photograph size is $20 cm \times 20 cm$. How many photographs are required to cover an area of $8 km \times 12.5 km$, if the longitudinal lap is 60 % and the side lap is 30 %?
 - (a) 109
 - (b) 119
 - (c) 129
 - (d) 139
- 41. An investment is profitable if internal rate of return (*IRR*) is:
 - (a) Greater than the minimum rate of return fixed by the investor
 - (b) Less than the minimum rate of return fixed by the investor
 - (c) Equal to the minimum rate of return fixed by the investor
 - (d) Needed to be delinked from any prior stipulation of rate of return

- 42. A vertical photograph was taken at an altitude of 1200 m above the mean sea level (*msl*). What is the scale of the photograph for terrain lying at elevation of 80 m and 300 m, if The focal length of the camera is 15 cm?
 - (a) 1:7467 and 1:6000
 - (b) 1:7985 and 1:6500
 - (c) 1:7467 and 1:6500
 - (d) 1:7985 and 1:6000
- 43. Fore bearing of a line AB is $12^{\circ}24'$. What would be its back bearing?
 - (a) $192^{\circ}24'$
 - (b) 167°36′
 - (c) $137^{\circ}36'$
 - (d) 102°24'
- 44. Prismatic compass measures directly:
 - (a) The reduced bearing
 - (b) The whole circle bearing
 - (c) Both reduced bearing and whole circle bearing
 - (d) Neither reduced bearing nor whole circle bearing

- 45. Mine dusts inhaled by workers produce a variety of Pneumokoniosis diseases. Of such dusts, which of the following minerals /metals/non-metals do not result in fibrosis?
 - (a) Asbestos, Iron oxide; Barytes
 - (b) Silica, Asbestos; Chromite
 - (c) Barytes, Kaolin, Chromite
 - (d) Silica, Iron ore, Barytes
- 46. The velocity of circulating air in a mine roadway can be measured by the:
 - 1. Smoke-Cloud method
 - 2. Tracer-Gas method
 - 3. Hot-Wire method

Which of the above methods are applicable?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 47. One of the main problems / disadvantages associated with boundary ventilation system is:
 - (a) Reversal of air flow
 - (b) Variable volumetric efficiency
 - (c) Lower head requirement
 - (d) Isolation of section in an emergency

- 48. Which of the following materials are very effective when used as standard stone dust?
 - 1. Shale
 - 2. Dolomite
 - 3. Gypsum
 - 4. Limestone
 - (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 3 and 4 only
 - (d) 1 and 4 only
- 49. A coal dust explosion will be classified as 'strong', based on the explosibility index, when the index is:
 - (a) 0.1 to 0.5
 - (b) 0.1 to 1
 - (c) 10 to 20
 - (d) 1 to 10
- 50. Which of the following chemicals the MSA detector tube contains, for testing the percentage of carbon monoxide gas?
 - (a) Silica gel + Palladium Sulphate
 - (b) Palladium Sulphate + Ammonium Molybdate
 - (c) Silica gel + Ammonium Molybdate
 - (d) Silica gel + Palladium Sulphate + Ammonium Molybdate

- 51. In the Draeger Self-contained Breathing Apparatus, used for mine rescue and safety operations, the CO_2 gas is absorbed by:
 - (a) Anhydrous Sodium Hydroxide
 - (b) Anhydrous Calcium Chloride
 - (c) Potassium Hydroxide
 - (d) Potassium Permanganate
- 52. The samples of air collected from the intake end and the return end of a Panel showed 0.2 % and 0.7 % of methane content, respectively. What is the methane emission from the Panel, if the production is 1000 T/day, and the quantity of air circulation is $20 m^3/s$?
 - (a) 8.64 m^3/s
 - (b) 7.64 m^3/s
 - (c) $6.98 m^3/s$
 - (d) 5.98 m^3/s
- 53. The resistance of a mine airway is expressed in terms of the area of an equivalent orifice. If the area of the equivalent orifice is $0.07 m^2$, the resistance of the mine airways, to the nearest 10 units, is:
 - (a) 340 $N s^2 m^{-8}$
 - (b) 340 $N s^2 m^{-6}$
 - (c) 330 $N s^2 m^8$
 - (d) 330 $N s^2 m^6$

- 54. In shallow mines, the major contributing factor to the direction of natural ventilation is:
 - (a) Underground temperature
 - (b) Surface temperature
 - (c) Underground temperature as well as by surface temperature
 - (d) No definable dependence on the underground temperature and/or the surface temperature
- 55. For underground mine ventilation, a fan has to be selected basically to cope with the demand of:
 - 1. Pressure of the air to be maintained in the mine ventilation
 - 2. Quantity of air through-put by the ventilation

Which of the above choices is/ are relevant?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 56. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) Diffusers are fitted to exhaust fans
 - (b) Evasees are fitted to forcing fans
 - (c) Diffusers as well as Evasees are fitted to forcing fans
 - (d) Evasees are fitted to exhaust fans

- 57. In an airway, given that the pressure drop is ΔP and that the quantity of airflow is Q, the resistance of the airway is of:
 - (a) $\frac{\Delta P}{Q^3}$ (b) $\frac{\Delta P}{Q^2}$ (c) $\frac{\Delta P}{Q}$ (d) $\left(\frac{\Delta P}{Q}\right)^2$
- 58. Shrinkage stoping operations are not suitable for the following conditions:
 - 1. Mildly sloping deposits
 - 2. Fairly high ore grade
 - 3. Oxidizing characteristics of ore
 - 4. Depths less than 800 m
 - (a) 1 and 3 only
 - (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 1 and 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 4 only

59. Vertical Crater Retreat (VCR) method of mine production requires:

- (a) Large parallel downhole drilling
- (b) Small diameter upward drilling
- (c) Ring pattern drilling
- (d) Horizontal and angle drilling

- 60. Shrinkage stoping is suitable for:
 - 1. Thin ore body
 - 2. Thick ore body

Which of the above is/are are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 61. While adopting the Bord and Pillar method, the prime consideration in respect of the panel sizing is:
 - (a) Incubation period of the coal seam
 - (b) Depth of coal seam
 - (c) Thickness of the coal seam
 - (d) Layout of the face
- 62. Rill stoping method is a form of:
 - (a) Underhand stoping
 - (b) Block caving
 - (c) Artificially supported stoping
 - (d) Overhand stoping

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- 63. Consider the following data related to a dragline:
 - Scheduled shift hours = 5000
 - Maintenance hours = 1000
 - Breakdown hours = 150

What is the percentage availability of dragline?

- (a) 85 %
- (b) 83 %
- (c) 80 %
- (d) 77 %

64. In opencast mining operation, selective mining is possible with:

- (a) Shovel and dumper combination
- (b) Dragline
- (c) Payloader
- (d) Continuous surface miner
- 65. An underground coal mine is being operated using Bord and Pillar method. When the density of the strata is 2.3 $tonnes/m^3$, the depth of working is 200 m, and extraction is 25 %, the load on pillars is, nearly:
 - (a) $61 kg/cm^2$
 - (b) $81 kg/cm^2$
 - (c) $125 kg/cm^2$
 - (d) $182 kg/cm^2$

- 66. In surface mining bucket wheel excavator can give:
 - (a) Frontal cut
 - (b) Parallel cut
 - (c) Terrace cut
 - (d) Perpendicular cut
- 67. A pressure tunnel was subjected to a testing pressure of $20 kg/cm^2$. What will be the diametral deformation given that the diameter of the tunnel is 3 m, the modulus of elasticity of rock material is $2.5 \times 10^3 kg/cm^2$, and Poisson's ratio of rock material is 0.3?
 - (a) 3.12 *cm*
 - (b) 6.24 *cm*
 - (c) 12.4 *cm*
 - (d) 31.2 *cm*
- 68. A rock sample has bulk density of 2.90 g/cc. When its moisture content is 1.40 %, its dry density will be nearly:
 - (a) 2.59 *g*/*cc*
 - (b) 2.69 *g*/*cc*
 - (c) 2.86 *g/cc*
 - (d) 2.96 *g/cc*

- 69. Increase in moisture content of rock:
 - (a) Increases its bearing capacity
 - (b) Decreases its bearing capacity
 - (c) Has no effect on its bearing capacity
 - (d) First increases and then decreases its bearing capacity
- 70. Permitted explosives used in blasting off the solid in underground coal mine of degree-1 Gassy seam is:
 - (a) *P*-1
 - (b) *P*-3
 - (c) *P*-5
 - (d) *P*-4

71. Punching shear strength of a dry rock specimen is reckoned to be nearly:

- (a) Equal to the value of a wet rock specimen
- (b) Twice the value of a wet rock specimen
- (c) Thrice the value of a wet rock specimen
- (d) Less than the value of a wet rock specimen
- 72. Shear strength of rock is influenced by:
 - (a) Cohesion
 - (b) Dilatancy
 - (c) Internal friction
 - (d) Cohesion, dilatancy and internal friction

- 73. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) The harder and more coherent the strata, the greater the angle of draw, and steeper the line of fracture
 - (b) The softer the strata, the greater the angle of draw, and flatter the line of fracture
 - (c) The softer the strata, the smaller the angle of draw, and flatter the line of fracture
 - (d) The harder and more coherent the strata, the greater the angle of draw, and flatter the line of fracture
- 74. Which one of the following type of crushers is normally selected for crushing tough, hard and abrasive materials?
 - (a) Double toggle Blake
 - (b) Double toggle Blake
 - (c) Dodge
 - (d) Jaw
- 75. Compressive strength of a rock:
 - (a) Decreases with an increase in its porosity
 - (b) Increases with an increase in its porosity
 - (c) Decreases with a decrease in its porosity
 - (d) Remains constant with minor changes in its porosity

- 76. In case of roll crushers, the relationship between co-efficient of friction μ offered by roll and the angle of nip θ is:
 - (a) $\mu = \tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$ (b) $\mu = \tan^2\left(\frac{\theta}{4}\right)$ (c) $\mu = \tan\left(\frac{\theta}{4}\right)$ (d) $\mu = \tan^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$
- 77. What is the speed required to perform the operation of drilling a hole of 20 mm diameter at a cutting speed of 25 m/min?
 - (a) 398 *rpm*
 - (b) 492 *rpm*
 - (c) 548 *rpm*
 - (d) 624 *rpm*
- 78. Crushers used in handling friable, sticky, frozen and less abrasive feeds are:
 - (a) Jaw crushers
 - (b) Gyratory crushers
 - (c) Roll crushers
 - (d) Either jaw, or roll, crushers

- 79. A hole of 25 mm diameter and 62.5 mm depth is to be drilled, the suggested feed is 1.25 mm/rev and the cutting speed is 60 m/min. If the tool approach and tool over travel is 5 mm, the cutting time will be nearly:
 - (a) 0.10 *min*
 - (b) 0.09 min
 - (c) 0.08 min
 - (d) 0.07 min
- 80. A hole is being drilled in a block of magnesium alloy with a 10 mm drill at a feed of 0.25 mm/rev. When the spindle is running at 1000 rpm, the material removal rate will be nearly:
 - (a) $19935 \, mm^3/min$
 - (b) $19635 \, mm^3/min$
 - (c) $18935 \, mm^3 / min$
 - (d) $18635 \, mm^3/min$
- 81. During blasting operations, rock fragmentation occurs due to:
 - 1. Reflection of the compressive wave generating tensile and shear wave
 - 2. High vibration frequency
 - (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 82. Which of the following statements are correct regarding machine tools?
 - 1. A pillar drilling machine drills holes upto 70 mm
 - 2. A regulating wheel is a component of any surface grinding machine
 - 3. A sensitive drilling machine is also known as the bench drilling machine
 - (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1 and 3 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 83. Hoskold's formula is relevant for:
 - (a) Mine valuation
 - (b) Ore reserve estimation
 - (c) Depreciation calculation
 - (d) Salting
- 84. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) *DTH* is a rotary drill
 - (b) Jack Hammer is a percussive drill
 - (c) *DTH* is a rotary- cum- percussive drill
 - (d) Jack Hammer is a rotary- cum percussive drill

- 85. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) Drag bits and button bits are used in rotary drills
 - (b) Chisel bits and roller bits are used in percussive drills
 - (c) Cross bits and drag bits are used in rotary drills
 - (d) Chisel bits and button bits are used in percussive drills
- 86. Rock Texture Coefficient, TC, is calculated by using the following formula

$$TC = AW\left[\left\{\frac{N_0}{N_0 + N_1} \times \frac{1}{FF_0}\right\} + \left\{\frac{N_1}{N_0 + N_1} \times AF_1 \times AF_1\right\}\right]$$

AW refers to:

- (a) Grain size
- (b) Grain packing weighting
- (c) Hardness coefficient
- (d) Aspect ratio

87. 'Drillability of Rocks' is premised on:

- 1. Specific energy required
- 2. New surface area created
- 3. Heat generated during drilling
- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only

- 88. Which of the following theories relate to rock drilling operations?
 - 1. Ernst & Merchant theory
 - 2. Evans theory
 - 3. Nishimatsu's theory
 - 4. Solomon theory
 - (a) 2, 3 and 4 only
 - (b) 1, 2 and 4 only
 - (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 89. Which of the following methods qualify as electrical logging?
 - 1. Spontaneous potential logging
 - 2. Resistivity logging
 - 3. Sonic logging
 - 4. Induction logging
 - (a) 2, 3 and 4 only
 - (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3 only

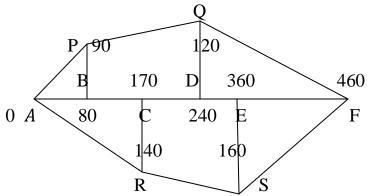
- 90. Which of the following statements are correct?
 - 1. Electromagnetic methods are suitable for ore body of poor conductivity
 - 2. Resistivity methods are suitable for ore body of poor conductivity
 - 3. Potential Drop Ratio methods are suitable for ore body of poor conductivity
 - 4. Electromagnetic methods are suitable for ore body of high conductivity
 - (a) 2, 3 and 4 only
 - (b) 1 and 3 only
 - (c) 2 and 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 91. Which of the following statements conform to electrical method of prospecting?
 - 1. Resistivity methods require direct contact with the earth
 - 2. Electromagnetic method does not require direct contact with the earth
 - 3. Equi-Potential line methods require direct contact with the earth
 - (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1 and 3 only
 - (c) 1, 2 and 3
 - (d) 2 and 3 only

- 92. Which of the following is not associated with a longwall face?
 - (a) Tail gate
 - (b) Main gate
 - (c) Buttock
 - (d) Pillar
- 93. Torsion Balance is an instrument used for:
 - (a) Electrical methods of prospecting
 - (b) Magnetic methods of prospecting
 - (c) Gravity methods of prospecting
 - (d) Seismic methods of prospecting
- 94. A fault in which the hanging wall is displaced upwards relative to the footwall is known as a:
 - (a) Normal fault
 - (b) Step fault
 - (c) Fault trough
 - (d) Reverse fault
- 95. Which of the following identifies Rutile?
 - (a) $Ti O_2$
 - (b) Fe TiO_2
 - (c) $Ti O_3$
 - (d) Fe TiO_3

- 96. In an area, a bed of sandstone is exposed. The slope of the ground and of the dip of the bed are $10^{\circ} W$ and $20^{\circ} E$, respectively. If the width of the outcrop is 60 *m*, the true thickness of the sandstone bed is:
 - (a) 20 *m*
 - (b) 30 m
 - (c) 40 m
 - (d) 50 m

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97. A survey is run on the stem-line A - B - C - D - E - F and the distance to the peripheral points on the surveyed field are also shown. All the distances are in meters. What is the area of the field?



- (a) 77200 m^2
- (b) 78400 m^2
- (c) 82000 m^2
- (d) 86000 m^2

- 98. Which of the following operations is/are not related to coal cutting machines?
 - 1. Under-cutting
 - 2. Over-cutting
 - 3. Middle-cutting
 - 4. Side-cutting
 - (a) 2 and 3 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 1 only
 - (d) 4 only
- 99. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (a) Shortwall coal cutting machines can be used for longwall faces
 - (b) Shearers can be used in for longwall faces
 - (c) Gathering arm loaders can be used in Bord and Pillar workings
 - (d) Ploughs can be used in longwall faces
- 100. In a belt conveyor system, the function of the snub pulley is to:
 - (a) Clean the inner surface of the belt
 - (b) Clean the outer surface of the belt
 - (c) Increase the arc of contact with the drive drum
 - (d) Decrease the belt tension



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